

The Times

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WARD AND CECIL, Sweet Singer—COMING SOON—RAZER TROUPE, Enrico Danza,
Ward and Cecile, Chico, etc.—BICKEL, Mother in Glad? Fred Leslie,
New Faces in Motion. THE MONGOLIANS, New Pictures.

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THE GIRL WITH THE AUBURN HAIR.

PRICES—Evening, best seats, 25c and 50c; gallery, 10c; box seats, 75c. MATINES—
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TONIGHT—SPECIAL MATINES TOMORROW—FAREWELL TOMORROW NIGHT—

HAVERLY'S MASTODON MINSTRELS

HEADED BY THE MINSTREL KING WALTZ-ME AGAIN! GEORGE WILSON.
Box Seats Now on Sale. Night Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and \$1. Matines Prices—25c, 50c, Tel. M. 70.

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Nights Beginning THURSDAY, December 5. MATINES SATURDAY ONLY.

Thomas Jefferson PRESENTING**"Rip Van Winkle."**Directed by an Excellent Company of Players. Prices \$1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c.
Matines Prices 25c and 50c.

OS ANGELES THEATER—H. C. WYATT, Lessee and Manager.

SECOND CONCERT—Fifth Session—1901-02. FRIDAY AFTERNOON, DEC. 6, at 3 P.M.

LOS ANGELES SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.

MARSH HAMILTON, Director. MADAME GENREVA JOHNSTONE-BISHOP, Soprano-Solist.

Prices Lower Floor SEASON TICKETS FOR SIX CONCERTS, \$4.00, \$6.00

and \$8.00, according to location.

BALCONY, \$2.00, \$4.00, \$6.00 and \$8.00. SINGLE SEATS, 25c, 50c and \$1.00.

SEATS NOW ON SALE.

TOROSCO'S BURBANK THEATER—LIVERPOOL, Lessee and Manager.

TONIGHT—All Week—MATINEES SATURDAY.

—THE GREAT EASTERN MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS—

"THE QUEEN OF HAYTI."

INTERPRETED BY THE LARGEST COLORFUL ORGANIZATION TRAVELING.

NEXT WEEK—ARTHUR C. ALSTON'S COMPANY IN "AT THE OLD CROSS ROADS."

MUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—

With Dates of Events.

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THE ORIGINAL AMERICAN GOURMET FARM.

One Hundred Gigantic Birds of All Ages.

The best and largest stock of which feather goods for sale at producer's prices. We have all parts of the bird Kingdom.

Edwin Cawston, Prop.

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Southern Pacific Company

ANNOUNCES THE...

Sunset Limited

1901-1902...

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SUBMARINE FOREST.

Packets sail every 2½ hours from Island on Saturdays and Sundays. Other days twice half past.

Attractions not possible at other resorts. The most famous fishing grounds in the world. The best golf links. Aquatic sports, swimming, boating, tennis, golf, polo, etc.

Boat trips through nature's most WONDERFUL MARINE GARDENS, one of great depth through smooth, transparent water, glassy smooth seas. HOTEL METROPOLITAN, Oceanic, Hotel, Ferry and Trip from Los Angeles, Excursion, \$2.75.

Company reserves the right to change steamer and sailing dates. Please call or write for any change in steamer.

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M. T. LOWE RAILWAY—**The Scenic Trip of America**

Many panoramic Views of Rugged Mountains, Beautiful Valleys, Cities, Oceans and Islands. A sight to inspire all who see it. Full particulars at office,

25 SOUTH SPRING ST. Tel. M. 600.

CLASSIFIED NEWS SYNOPSIS.

THE CITY. Bug discovered in new sidewalk ordinance, for multilane property owners....Theater managers on the warpath....Big telescope for Lick Observatory completed here....Hooks say they are not fighting blanket streetcar franchise....Oil-stock speculation played out....Society goes crazy over dolls' millinery....Jewels preparing to celebrate Feast of Light....Grim goes back to Russia....Death of Ralph E. Marx....Sergt.-Maj. Conger gets drunk and loses his prisoners....Police ready to arrest Jim Gray again. Dr. George A. Gates accepts presidency of Pomona College....All Star baseball nine coming here....Los Angeles club wins at Truett's benefit. Pomona attorney attacks Public Administrator's way of doing things and excites an auction-room full of people....Four houses burned....Big sale of Main-street property....Annual meeting of Historical Society....Mayor will frame his water-bond pen....Beautiful display of ceramic art....Fred K. Truett near death....Council reconsiders adoption of license ordinance.

EASTERN. Attacked a train....Live-stock show opens....Australian steamship owner's important announcement. Burglars at Hollywood....Costly blaze in Denver....Heirs of Patrick Manning found.

SPORTS. Oakland favorite lost in the mud....New Orleans races. Packard surrenders Denver franchise. Peter Sterling sold....Fatal result of prize fight.

RAILROADS. Southern Pacific terminates....Reported sale of "Women's road."

CATERING AND GARDENING—

Decorations of Stevens Hill Nursery, 451 S. Boyle Ave., N. E. E., Keef, mgr. Tel. Boyle 19.

PHILIPPINE ISLES DOMESTIC TERRITORY.**United States Supreme Court Has Solved a Great Problem—Customs Duties No Longer Apply Thereto.**

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, December 2.—The United States Supreme Court today rendered a decision in the case of Emil J. Pepe against the United States. This is the case known as the "fourteen diamond rings case," and involves the constitutionality of the imposition of customs duties upon merchandise brought into the United States from the Philippines, after the exchange of the peace treaty with Spain. The opinion was handed down by Chief Justice Fuller.

The opinion was adverse to the claims of the government, on the ground that the Philippine Islands were, at the time the rings were brought in, American territory. Ceasing to be foreign territory, they become domestic territory. The decision in the De Lima Porto Rican cases was, at length, and it was held that the resolution adopted by Congress concerning the Philippines was not sufficient to change the situation.

The Chief Justice concluded his opinion by reversing the decision of the court below. Justice Brown read an opinion concurring in the result, but differing from the conclusions drawn on minor points. Justices Gray, Shiras, White and McKenna dissented.

This case is one of the two important cases left undecided by the court at its last term, when it decided a number of cases involving the customs and relations of the United States with its insular possessions. The cases decided were those based entirely upon the relations of this country with Porto Rico, and this was the only case of a large number which were then argued and considered, which involved the relations of the United States with the Philippines. The other cases involve the right to impose duty on articles exported from the United States to Porto Rico.

Much interest has been manifested in this Philippine case, because of the probability of legislation relating to the Philippines at the forthcoming session of Congress. The record shows that Pepe, who was the respondent in the court below, was a soldier in the United States, over which civil government could be exercised. The result of the case is that the peace treaty stipulation that the native inhabitants should be incorporated into the body politic, and none securing to them the right to choose their nationality. Their allegiance became due to the United States, and they became entitled to its protection.

But it is said the case of the Philippines thereby ceased, in the language of the treaty, to be Spanish. Ceasing to be Spanish, they ceased to be foreign country. They came under the complete and absolute sovereignty and dominion of the United States, and to become territory of the United States, over which civil government could be exercised.

The result of the case is that the stipulation that the native inhabitants should be incorporated into the body politic, and none securing to them the right to choose their nationality. Their allegiance became due to the United States, and they became entitled to its protection.

Later, he came with the rings to Chicago, where the rings were seized by the custom officials under the claim that the Philippines were foreign territory, and merchandise brought from those islands was subject to customs duties on merchandise under the circumstances, were contrary to the United States laws, and in violation of his rights as a citizen.

The case came to the Supreme Court

—We need not consider the force and effect of a resolution of this sort, if adopted by Congress, not like that of April 29, 1898, in respect to Cuba, pre-

pared to introduce, at the earliest possible moment, the old Hepburn Canal Bill, which passed the House two years ago, and than which no more straightforward canal bill ever has been written. Mr. Morgan is chairman of the Senate Canal Committee. He will have a meeting of that committee within the next few days, and it is likely that even before the Hay-Pauncefote treaty has been reported to the Senate at all, the Canal Committee will have passed favorably upon the bill generally constructed upon the lines of the Hepburn bill, and have it ready for consideration by the Senate.

Another big bill that will be introduced within the next two or three days will be the Shipping Subsidy Bill, which Senator Frye has practically completed. It is not expected that the bill will be satisfactory to Congress, as introduced by Senator Frye, but that it will be referred immediately to the Committee on Commerce, and there are many changes that could be made in it.

The sovereignty of Spain over the Filipinos and possession under claim of title had existed for a long series of years prior to the war with the United States. The fact that there were insurrections against her, or that uncivilized tribes may have defied her will did not affect the validity of her title. She granted the islands to the United States, and they became, in effect, part of the United States, in ceasing to be foreign territory.

In his opinion in the Philipine case Chief Justice Fuller said that the Philipine Islands ceased to be foreign territory as soon as the Paris treaty of peace was signed, and the resolution to which he referred as being ineffective was the resolution adopted by the Senate with respect to the tariff laws under the Congress, as enacted by embracing it with the customs. The opinion continued as follows:

"No reason is perceived for any different ruling as to the Philipines. By the third article of the treaty, Spain ceded to the United States the archipelago known as the Philipine Islands, and the United States agreed to pay to Spain the sum of \$20,000,000 within three months. The treaty was ratified; Congress appropriated the money; the ratification was proclaimed. The treaty-making power, the executive power, concurred in the completion of the transaction.

The Philipines thereby ceased, in the language of the treaty, to be Spanish. Ceasing to be Spanish, they ceased to be foreign country. They came under the complete and absolute sovereignty and dominion of the United States, over which civil government could be exercised.

The result of the case is that the stipulation that the native inhabitants should be incorporated into the body politic, and none securing to them the right to choose their nationality. Their allegiance became due to the United States, and they became entitled to its protection.

But it is said the case of the Philipines is to be distinguished from that of Porto Rico because, on February 14, 1899, after the ratification of that treaty, the Senate resolved that, by the ratification of the treaty of peace with Spain, it is not intended to incorporate the inhabitants of the Philipine Islands into the citizenship of the United States, nor to permanently annex them.

Later, he came with the rings to Chicago, where the rings were seized by the custom officials under the claim that the Philipines were foreign territory, and merchandise brought from those islands was subject to customs duties on merchandise under the circumstances, were contrary to the United States laws, and in violation of his rights as a citizen.

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TUESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1901.

In Two Parts: 18 Pages.

ON ALL NEWS STANDS TRAINS AND STREETS 5 CENTS

Himinary to the declaration of war, but after title had been passed by ratified cessation. It is enough that this was a joint resolution; that it was adopted by the Senate by a vote of 25 to 22, not two-thirds of a quorum; and that it is absolutely without legal significance on the question before us.

The meaning of the treaty cannot be controlled by subsequent explanations of some of those who may have voted to ratify it. What view the House might have taken as to the intention of the senate in ratifying the treaty we are not informed, nor is it material, and if any implication from the action referred to could properly be indulged, it would seem to be that two-thirds of a quorum of the Senate did not consent to the ratification on the grounds indicated.

It is further contended that a distinction exists in that, while complete possession of Porto Rico was taken by the United States, this was not so as to the Philipines, because of the armed resistance of the native inhabitants to a greater or less extent. We must decline to assume that the government wishes thus to dislodge the title of the United States, or to place itself in the position of waging a war of conquest.

The sovereignty of Spain over the Philipines and possession under claim of title had existed for a long series of years prior to the war with the United States. The fact that there were insurrections against her, or that uncivilized tribes may have defied her will did not affect the validity of her title. She granted the islands to the United States, and they became, in effect, part of the United States, in ceasing to be foreign territory.

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TO CRUSH THE LIBERALS.

**Alban's Forces Start
for Agua Dulce.**

Gen. Porras Reported to Be Near There.

Tired of the Struggle the In- surgent Officer, Jiminez, Surrenders.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.
COLON. Dec. 2.—[By Panama Cable.] The city of Panama continues quiet. Following Gen. Alban's orders, the Colombian gunboat Boyaca, towing a launch bearing soldiers, has left there. The destination of the expedition is reported to be Agua Dulce, from which point the government will attempt to clear the remaining bands of Liberals from the department of Panama. Gen. Porras, the Liberal leader, is supposed to be in the vicinity of Agua Dulce. American marines are still ashore at Panama.

Juan Antonio Jiminez, formerly a member of the staff of Gen. Domingo Diaz has come voluntarily to Panama, where he delivered himself to Gen. Alban. Gen. Diaz did not instruct Jiminez to come in and surrender. The former insurgent says he is sick and disgusted with the campaign.

The British sloop of war Icarus has returned to Panama from South American ports.

GEN. ALBAN CONFIDENT.

EXPECTS EARLY SUBMISSION.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.
NEW YORK. Dec. 2.—The Herald's Colon (Colombia) correspondent cables that he has obtained an interview with Gen. Carlos Alban, Governor of the Department of Panama, and commander of the military and naval forces of the Isthmus, regarding the situation.

When Gen. Alban was asked if he could now maintain free transit on the isthmus, he replied:

"Colon does not request foreign aid to maintain free transit across the Isthmus. Within nine days we have captured Colon, and have killed or taken prisoners the troops which occupied the port."

"Are you satisfied with the terms of the treaty executed in Colon?" was asked.

"Yes, the terms are the same as those arranged in July of last year, when the revolutionaries were beaten. I am sure, however, that many of those same rebels have again taken up arms against the Colombian government."

"Do you consider the Isthmian revolutionaries at an end?"

"Not yet," replied Gen. Alban, emphatically. "There are still several bands of insurgents in the interior of the Department of Panama. These bands will soon be crushed."

Gen. Porras, the other insurgent general on the Isthmus, Domingo Diaz, has already been defeated; we are now going to defeat the other insurgent general, Porras, who capitulated last year.

"Diaz had a strong record, however. So does Porras. This condition of affairs clearly shows what the Colombian nation has in prospect, should the Liberal party governed Colombia in twenty years."

News has reached Colon that a committee of the insurgents several days ago demanded that Bocas del Toro should surrender. It is now believed that Bocas del Toro is in the hands of the revolutionaries.

Col. Barrera, who led the force of insurgents in the field against Gen. Alban's troops, has been found in the woods in a wounded condition. He will receive his freedom and medical care in Colon.

The government will send troops into the interior of the department at once, to operate against Gen. Porras, whose insurgent force Gen. Alban is anxious to crush.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. E. B. Crocker.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—A dispatch received from New York today announces the death in that place yesterday of Mrs. Margaret E. Crocker, the late Mrs. E. B. Crocker of Sacramento. At one time Mrs. Crocker was well known in the social circles of this city, but for many years has been a resident of New York. She was 76 years of age, and her death was caused by pneumonia. Mrs. Crocker was the mother of Mrs. J. S. Bassett and Mrs. Jackson Gouraud of New York. The body of Mrs. Crocker will be taken to Buffalo, and there cremated tomorrow, this being her wish.

J. C. Bradford.

FRESNO, Dec. 2.—J. C. Bradford, a pioneer settler and one of the best-known men in Fresno county, died at his residence near Toll House this morning. He was a native of Kentucky, aged 83 years, and came to California in 1851 and Fresno county in 1857. He leaves three children, two sons and a daughter, W. A. Bradford of Del Rey, Mrs. M. C. Wilkinson and T. J. Bradford.

Edward John Eyer.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—Edward John Eyer, who was Governor of Jamaica and its dependencies, 1858-60, and who put down the mutiny of the negroes there, is dead. He was born in 1818.

TILLEY ACQUITTED.

Evidence to Sustain the Charges Made Against Him Was Presented to the Court.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.; AUCKLAND (N. Z.) Dec. 2.—[By Australian Cable.] The United States Naval Court of Tutuila, Samoa, has honorably acquitted Capt. Benjamin F. Tilley, the naval governor of Tutuila, of all the charges against him. No evidence to sustain these charges was presented to the court.

Commander Uriel Sebree has succeeded Capt. Tilley as naval Governor of Tutuila.

COSTLY BLAZE IN DENVER.

DENVER, Dec. 2.—A fire, which started this evening destroyed the entire stock of the Cross Thome Carpet and Furniture Company and gutted the building. Total loss, \$100,000; insurance, \$80,000. The buildings was owned by S. N. Woods. The origin of the fire is unknown.

EXCELLENT French dinner with good wine for us at the Del Monte.

DANISH WEST INDIES.

Pull Agreement Said to Have Been Reached for the Sale of the Islands to This Country.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.; COPENHAGEN, Dec. 2.—[By Atlantic Cable.] A full agreement has been reached between Denmark and the United States for the sale of the Danish West Indies. The treaty will probably be signed this week at Washington. The price is fixed between \$4,000,000 and \$5,000,000.

WASHINGTON NOT INFORMED.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.; WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—At the close of business hours today no word had reached the State Department confirming of the reported agreement between Denmark and the United States for the sale of the Danish West Indies. The negotiations looking to the acquisition of the islands by this government and believed to have been in such a state of agreement as to interest the interested parties if not already reached, is almost approaching completion.

NEW FREIGHT LINE FROM AUSTRALIA.

SHAND COMES FROM ANTIPODES TO VIEW THE FIELD.

Manager of the Western Australia Company is confident that the Trade Justifies Running a Line of Steamers to San Francisco.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

TACOMA, Dec. 2.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] News from Republic and Marcus shows conclusively that Jim Hill's roundabout railroad from Marcus to Republic, via British Columbia, cannot be finished for several months after the time originally announced for its completion. This road is over eighty miles long, while the Grand Forks and Republic road, also built to carry Republic ores to the smelter, is less than forty miles in length. The latter road is controlled by the Canadian Pacific, and will be finished by February, as originally planned.

Each line is ambitious to the smelter at Grand Forks. The Republic road owners announced their intention that they would make contracts with the road which was finished first. The Canadian

line is the one that will thus secure the contracts, and is already having them signed. Track laying on Hill's road has not yet commenced, and not over seven miles can be laid before winter. Further track laying will be abandoned until spring.

The road is divided into five sections,

and only one of these is grading nearly finished. The contractors say the line will not be ready for operation before June.

"WOMEN'S ROAD" SOLD.

SANTA FE GETS CONTROL.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.; OAKLAND, Dec. 2.—It is reported that the Santa Fe Railroad has bought the right of way, and other appurtenances of the Stockton and Sonora Railroad, commonly known as the "Women's Road." Mrs. Rickett is the builder of the railroad. It is said that the Santa Fe is in getting control of this company, and will be in Sacramento during the summer.

There are some who see in this move an intention to build across the Sierras to connect somewhere with the Gould system, the western connection of which is Rio Grande. Western

Californians are the road will tap the mines of Calaveras and Tuolumne.

LOUTITT DENIES THE SALE.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.; STOCKTON, Dec. 2.—Ex-Congressman James A. Loutitt, when shown the Associated Press dispatch concerning the reported purchase by the Santa Fe of the right of way of what is commonly called the "Women's Road," denied that he had not been purchased. Part of the right way was secured by him the day he sold to the Woman's road. He received no pay, however, and he now has a \$30,000 lien on it.

RICHES OF GOLD MOUNTAIN.

BUCON (Ariz.) Dec. 2.—E. S. Dodge has returned from the "gold mountain" of Galiros, where he has been prospecting for some weeks. He confirms the reports of the mammoth gold find, and says it is much larger and richer than described. The ledge looks bold for seven miles, and a large force of miners is working the claim, cutting a channel along the base of the south wall of the cañon, all in ore, for nearly 400 feet. He says the vein of ore is over 600 feet wide at the base, in the Custer Drifts, and is being run both north and south from the cañon under the mountain.

A city has sprung up, christened "Gold Mountain."

EVANGELIST ARRESTED.

PHOENIX (Ariz.) Dec. 2.—Rev. Joseph Anderson, an evangelist who recently held meetings in Pueblo, was arrested tonight and identified by a picture as being George Hayford, wanted in Santa Barbara for obtaining money under false pretenses. He is also wanted in various eastern cities for similar offenses.

Anderson is middle-aged, slightly gray, and wears gold glasses. He denies all knowledge of the crime, or having been near Santa Barbara for some years, and was a resident of New York. She was 76 years of age, and her death was caused by pneumonia. Mrs. Crocker was the mother of Mrs. J. S. Bassett and Mrs. Jackson Gouraud of New York. The body of Mrs. Crocker will be taken to Buffalo, and there cremated tomorrow, this being her wish.

THEATRE.

PORT TOWNSEND (Wash.) Dec. 2.—After a rough voyage the steamer Alki arrived this morning from Skagway, bringing forty passengers and \$70,000 in treasure. Advises from White Horse, Alaska, say the river backed up the water until the lower end of the town is flooded, and as warm weather continues there is grave fear that the water will continue to rise until the entire city is inundated.

SHOT AT GESEES.

STOCKTON, Dec. 2.—Frank Logeno was accidentally shot and instantly killed this afternoon while hunting five miles south of this city. He was in company with Frank Coloma, his wife's brother-in-law, and when some geese started up in front of them Coloma, in his nervousness, pulled the trigger, sending a full charge of shot into his companion's neck. Both are barbers.

THE TREASURE FROM SKAGWAY.

PORT TOWNSEND (Wash.) Dec. 2.—After a rough voyage the steamer Alki arrived this morning from Skagway, bringing forty passengers and \$70,000 in treasure. Advises from White Horse, Alaska, say the river backed up the water until the lower end of the town is flooded, and as warm weather continues there is grave fear that the water will continue to rise until the entire city is inundated.

THE KITE-SHAPED TRACK.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 2.—The kite-shaped track is once more in the Superior Court, having traveled back from the Supreme Court upon a reversal of the judgment originally rendered by Judge George H. Bahns. It will now be for Judge Kerrigan to decide whether or not the Southern Pacific Company has the power to raise the rate without the consent of the Railroad Commissioners. The case will be heard on the 28th inst.

The suit was brought by the railroads for an injunction to restrain the Southern Pacific Company from reestablishing the old standard gauge of \$5.90 between San Francisco and Fresno. During the war with the Rebels, the railroad lowered the rate to \$2.75, but when the Santa Fe absorbed the Valley road and competition came in the Southern Pacific re-established the old rate. The state constitution provides that when a railroad company has once lowered its regular rate it may not re-establish the rate without the consent of the Railroad Commissioners.

The case came up before Judge Bahns. The Southern Pacific Company set up the defense that the \$3.75 rate was merely a special excise rate and could not be held to be a regular rate. Having made this defense the company took no further part in the court proceedings. Judge Bahns decided that the Railroad Commissioners had found no cause for the question, and that as a hearing had been taken and a decision arrived at, the matter was disposed of.

On the 28th instant the railroad appealed and the Southern Pacific to the Supreme Court held that the Railroad Commissioners had not

struck down the rate.

STRIKE PRACTICALLY OVER.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 2.—The strike begun by the members of the Switchmen's Union a week ago is practically over, although the switchmen are holding ranks have gone back, while there have been a number of absences during the week. The strike has cleared up the yards of the railroads, and all the lines are now receiving freight, while the yards are being cleared up. The tie-down plants are resuming operations.

BEAUTIFUL LOMA LINDA.

On the main line S.P.R.R. near Redlands. An elegant hotel built for the pleasure seeker, overhanging balconies, the most comfortable accommodations, verandas, clear air and tempered breezes.

HERE ARE THE CONDITIONS FOR REST AND RECOVERY.

For information address the Loma Linda Foundation, Loma Linda, Calif., or 1319 S. Grand Ave., Los Angeles. Tel. West 10 or "Loma Linda."

ARBORON.—"Every Picture a Work of Art."

ARBORON.—"Every Picture

3. 1901.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1901.

Los Angeles Daily Times.

COAST RECORD.

COURT SAT
ON LAWYERS.Lookout Lynching Trial
Grows Exciting.State's Attorney Makes
Sweeping Charge.Evangelist Arrested—Gold
Mountain Strike—Chinese
on Warpath.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

ALTURAS, Dec. 2.—In the case of the alleged Lookout lynchers this morning, only two talesemen were examined. J. A. Wimer of Lake City, Surprise Valley, stated that from all he had read and heard of this affair, he thought the Lookout lynching was a good job well done. He was challenged by the prosecution and excused under the objection of the defense.

L. M. Henderson said that he had lived for a good many years in Modoc county, and did not believe that Modoc citizens would hang a man unless they had good grounds for so doing, and he thought whether or not it might be justifiable depended on the circumstances of the case. Henderson is a prominent rancher, son of Supervisor Marin Henderson, and a preacher of the Christian church.

During the morning, C. N. Post for the prosecution stated that he believed the whole community of Lookout was guilty of the crime. G. F. Harrington, for the defense, objected in this statement, and was ordered out of the courtroom by the judge. J. F. Raker and C. A. Baker, also attorneys for the defense, were compelled on order of the court to leave the room, so to speak for compensation, for attempting to object to the statement from the Attorney-General's office. The last two talesemen on the panel drawn on Saturday were examined during the afternoon session of the court.

George Sweeney of Lake City stated that he believed the man could be aggravated to such extent that he would do something unlawful, and he thought that in this case the lynchers were so aggravated. He also said that he would not convict a man under those circumstances, but the man might conceive if conviction did not mean the death penalty, but in this case, he did not believe in capital punishment, for there was just cause for the lynching.

John A. Dyke of Cedarville testified that he was opposed to capital punishment for any offense.

W. W. Williams, who was passed yesterday, was reexamined as his supposed sympathy with the defendants. He said he was always sympathetic with men who had been condemned to die, but that there were a lot of cattle thieves lynched.

He said he had suffered some extent himself from cattle thieves, and regarded with some degree of sympathy the lynching of cattle thieves. He said he had always known that the men hanged were not cattle thieves and he would judge impartially from the evidence, but if they were thieves he would not like to condemn them.

The defense reexamined McGahey, who was also passed yesterday. He swore that he was opposed to mob law and also that he was quite friendly with Calvin Hall, who was hanged. The defense then called for a jury challenge. McGahey and William G. Williams were sworn to try the case. This makes four jurors obtained since the case commenced on last Monday morning. It is likely that a full jury will be obtained before the middle of next week if one is obtained from this venire at one time.

The following eight talesemen were called to the box this evening for examination: P. A. Dorris, W. L. Dodson, E. P. H. Farnsworth, J. J. Murphy, J. W. Speed, Samuel Day, J. A. Street. Dorris was examined and passed. He was a brother-in-law of E. B. Hall, one of the members of the grand jury which brought the indictments against the defendants. Under examination by Sturtevant for the defense, in answer to a question as to whether or not he read the Placerville Alturas newspaper, said he did not. Mr. Dorris stated that he did, but he paid no attention to newspaper articles.

**EX-MAYOR WHITE'S LUCK
PROSPERED IN ALASKA.**

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.) TACOMA, Dec. 2.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) It has just become known, through large operations now undertaken by him, that Harry White, former Mayor of Seattle, has cleaned up a large fortune in the Nome country and the districts further up the Yukon. During the boom days White was one of the largest real estate operators on Puget Sound. When he resigned as Mayor of Seattle, he engaged in mining at Rossland. Later he went to Dawson and Forty Mile, making money in both places.

During the last two years at Nome he has cleaned up still a larger sum, and will invest the greater portion of it in enterprises in that section. His large venture is the Alaska Telephone Company, which has let contracts for building this winter 100 miles of telephone line from Nome to Council City. Heavy copper wire was sent north late season. Next summer the line will be extended from Nome to Teller and Kugrock, another hundred miles. White's company also proposes to build and operate telegraph lines.

SIX INDIANS DROWNED.

MOTHER LOST HER CHILDREN.

101 DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.] VICTORIA, B. C., Dec. 2.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) By their canoe overturned by a sudden gale of wind, six Indians were drowned, this morning near Bidwell Inlet from Vancouver. There were seven in the boat, two men, two women and three children, and they were coming down to town from their ranch. They were given the least warning, and in a moment after the mountain storm broke over them, the unfortunate people were thrown into the water.

The two men sank almost immediately, with a heavy heartache. One, and the heroic mother of the children, and started out for the shore. With an arm around each boy, the woman struck out through the icy water. She was unable, however, to hold the youngsters

out of the water, and all three were slowly drowned.

When the woman had swum over 200 yards toward the shore, a boat put out from the logging camp, and she was picked up. The children were dead, and the bodies will be interred at the mission this evening.

**HIP YING'S THIRST
FOR PING KONG BLOOD.**

**CHINESE "GUN FIGHTERS" FLOCK
TO SAN FRANCISCO.**

Vain Efforts of the Six Companies to Patch Up a Peace Between the Warring Tongts—Hip Ying's Demand at Least Two Victims.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

ALTURAS, Dec. 2.—It is reported in Chintown that the Six Companies are despatching of bringing the warring highbinder tongos together in peace, until at least two Ping Kongs give up their lives in satisfaction of the two Hip Yingos who were murdered on Thursday night last. The latter tong is very bitter, and at the first opportunity will start blood flowing.

The police are aware that Chinese "gun fighters" are flocking to the city from all over the State. Yesterday eight of them slipped from Fresno and six from Marysville, and towns south and south of the bay end contributed to the number. One who showed his face and can be identified will be arrested as a vagrant, and then driven out of San Francisco.

The Six Companies last night held a meeting to which representatives of the two Hip Yingos and Ping Kongos were invited, but the leaders of the latter tong responded. Every argument has been used to restore peace, but these involved in the trouble do not seem amenable to reason, nor does the fact that the feud will hurt the Chinese in the exclusion controversy impress them at all.

FLIED WITH BUNCO MAN.

MRS. JAPPOL NOW MOURNS.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.) SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) Mrs. Maggie Jappol of Los Angeles left her husband to fly with a bunco man, and now the bunco man has bunced her, and she has called on the police to run him down and recover her money and jewelry. She swore to a complaint today against her deceiver, who is variously known as Edward Woodward, Randall, Roland and many other names.

Mrs. Jappol is 24, and the wife of Edward Jappol, a Los Angeles painter. She first met Woodward in Hot Springs, Ark. He was a smooth talker, and impressed her favorably. According to her story, her husband abused her, and once took two shots at her, and, as a result, when Woodward came to Los Angeles she left him and eloped with San Francisco with him.

In two weeks, she says, Woodward had her money and jewelry, and then he was away again, so she had to go to wait for him. That was about a month ago. He tried to leave her, but she followed him here. Woodward is thought to be in Colusa.

HEROISM OF CRANDALL.

HE SACRIFICED HIS LIFE.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.) SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—Two days have now passed, and there is as yet no good reason for supposing that more than five persons were drowned in the disaster which befell the fire steamer San Rafael. The two additional to those already reported are Joseph Vaask of San Francisco and Andrew Crandall of Sacramento.

The death of William G. Crandall of Sausalito, secretary and manager of the Long Syrup Refining Company, was due to his personal heroism, which prompted him to a vain effort to save the life of George T. Tredwell, waiter in the San Rafael restaurant.

Tredwell had both legs broken as a result of the collision. He was carried to the upper deck by the bartender, whose name is Brown, and left there. Crandall heard of the man's plight, and, in spite of his own, went to the Sausalito to attempt a rescue. He was too late, however, and the San Rafael sank, carrying him and Tredwell with it.

WEALTHY FARMER MISSING.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.) SACRAMENTO, Dec. 2.—Alexander Hall, one of Sacramento county's wealthy farmers, who resides near Perkins Station, is missing, and it is feared by his friends that he lost his life last Saturday night in the wreck of the San Rafael.

He had gone to San Francisco to visit his wife, who is ill in a hospital, and in the evening he was to have gone to San Rafael to visit friends. All day yesterday and today relatives and friends have been searching for him on both sides of the bay, but without success.

SOUND STEAMER WRECKED.

PASSENGERS ALL SAVED.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.) SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 2.—The steamer Skagit Chief is a total wreck on the Blakely Rocks, near Pleasant Beach. She struck the rocks in a heavy fog at 9:30 o'clock last night. Capt. Call was in the pilot-house, and, realizing the dangerous nature of the surroundings, had the vessel under slow speed. The first crash came bow-on, and was followed by an immediate signal to reverse the engines. This was not enough to kindle a hope that he could get the ship off, and he had to turn the ship around to hurried the passengers taken safely ashore.

The Swagit Chief was valued at \$30,000. There is no insurance.

BIG NEGRO COLONY.

SELECT SITE IN THIS STATE.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.) STOCKTON, Dec. 2.—There is soon to be a big negro colony in Contra Costa county, just across the line from San Joaquin. It will consist of three hundred families from Louisiana.

Negotiations have been in progress several weeks, and the bargain has practically been struck for 3000 acres of land. Later on a tract of 12,000 acres will be taken up, and the negroes agree that only the advance guard of the black brigade shall come until the first comes, have had experience enough to determine what the venture is satisfactory to all concerned.

It is expected that agents of the colonists will arrive here this week, or early next week, to close the deal. The land is owned by John Herd, and lies between the cities of Oakley and Antioch.

There were seven in the boat, two men, two women and the children, and they were coming down to town from their ranch. They were given the least warning, and in a moment after the mountain storm broke over them, the unfortunate people were thrown into the water.

The two men sank almost immediately, with a heavy heartache.

One, and the heroic mother of the children, and started out for the shore.

With an arm around each boy, the woman struck out through the icy water. She was unable, however, to hold the youngsters

they can live exclusively by themselves. The nearest town, Brentwood, is several miles away. They propose to govern their own, set their own officers, establish a school district, and in short control the government of the colony.

FIRE ON BY INDIANS.

BAKER REPORTS KELLY DEAD.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.) PHOENIX (Ariz.) Dec. 2.—News has been received here to the effect that John Baker arrived yesterday, stating that he and his partner, Walter Kelly, were fired on by Indians near the San Bernardino ranch in the mountains of Southern Arizona, and that Kelly was killed. Baker was just wounded. Officers have gone to investigate.

BARGE PROBABLY LOST.

HAD CREW OF FOUR MEN.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.) ASTORIA (Or.) Dec. 2.—The tug George R. Vossburg will go to sea tomorrow in search of the lumber barge C. H. Wheeler, which she lost in a storm off Cape Blanco a few days ago. The barge has not been reported since the tug lost her, and it is supposed she and the four men on board are lost.

BRIEF COAST DISPATCHES.

GIANNINI JURY DISCHARGED.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.) FRESNO, Dec. 2.—A disagreement between the jury before whom the testimony in the case of Giannini, charged with the murder of Joe Carlotti, was adduced, resulted in the discharge followed. Giannini, an Italian, shot and killed Carlotti, an Englishman, during a quarrel about a month ago.

SECTION HAND RUN OVER.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.) FRESNO, Dec. 2.—A section hand, was run over and fatally injured at 5 o'clock this evening by a south-bound train near the Southern Pacific depot. He died at the hospital shortly after the accident.

FIRE AT MILITARY BASE.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.) MILITARY BASE, CALIF., Dec. 2.—A fire at the military base at Camp Kearney, San Joaquin county, destroyed a large quantity of supplies.

SPORTING RECORD.

**YOUNG NORTH
DISABLED.**

**HIS INJURIES TAKE HIM
FROM STANFORD.**

**ATHLETIC CAREER DECLARED
TO BE ENDED.**

**PACKARD LEAVES THE DENVER
TEAM—ROY HALE SIGNS.**

RACING FEATURES.

STREETER BROKE THE WINDS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—The New York Plate Glass Insurance Company has sued the city and county of San Francisco for \$100,000 for the breaking of its windows.

GRASS AND SUMMER-FALLOWED GRAIN HAVE SHOWN A FINER GROWTH AT THIS SEASON OF THE YEAR.

THE WEATHER HAS BEEN UNUSUALLY MILD AND HARDLY A TRACE OF FROST HAS BEEN SEEN HERE THIS SEASON.

SMOTHERED HIS BABY.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.) STANFORD, Dec. 2.—Ed. Thomas of this place, while smothering his wife with her housework Saturday afternoon, placed his three-month-old baby in a baby buggy, face down, and went to assist in hanging up the family laundry. On returning a short time afterward the little one was found dead.

STRICKER BROKE THE WINDS.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.) SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—A company has been formed in this city for the conversion of the refuse of beet-sugar factories, commonly known as "black jack," into alcohol. The company will begin operations in about four months either in the Potrero or at Port Richmond.

BELL BOY MINUS MONEY.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.) SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—Edward H. Esenick, a bell boy in the employ of the Union League Club, was sent out this morning to make some collections. After he had visited the office of Reuben H. Fleet, he was sent to the office of E. B. Hall, and there he was found prostrated in the hall, minus \$150 he had collected. He said he had been assaulted and robbed by an unknown man, but his story has not been confirmed.

ALCOHOLIC'S APPRENTICE KILLED.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.) SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—R. Bacon, a fifteen-year-old machinist apprentice, was instantly killed this afternoon at the American Can Company plant in the Grant Avenue, where he was working on a lathe.

STANFORD ELEVEN'S TRIP.

NETTED THEM A THOUSAND.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.) STANFORD UNIVERSITY, Dec. 2.—Treasurer Edwards of the Associated Students gave out today the financial results of the southern vacation trip of the "varsity football" team, which returned from the "varsity football" team, which won a profit of about \$1000 for the student body.

STANFORD'S ELEVEN GOT 90 PER CENT. OF THE GATES RECEIPTS AT BOTH GAMES, ONE THURSDAY EVENING AND AN ALL-SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA ELEVEN, AND THE OTHER SATURDAY WITH THE PERRIS INDIANS.

STANFORD'S SHARE FOR THE THANKSGIVING GAME IS \$1335; FOR SATURDAY'S GAME \$350.

STANFORD'S EXPENSES ARE 90 PER CENT. OF THE GATES RECEIPTS.

STANFORD'S PROFIT IS \$1000.

STANFORD

SOUTH AFRICA. PRIGG SEES WAR'S END.

*ails to Fix Time, but
Sure it is Near.*

leavy Burden Borne by Cape Colony

*umerous Small Bodies of
the Enemy Must Be
Wiped Out.*

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

CAPETOWN, Dec. 2.—(Exclusive
dispatch.) At St. Andrew's banquet
at Saturday night, Sir Gordon Sprig,
Premier of Cape Colony, speaking on
the state of the colony, said the new
arrangement under which the Cape
government was responsible for main-
taining in the field the forces that were
operating in Cape Colony involved re-
sponsibility for a total expenditure for
the support of 18,000 town garrisoned in
ninety-one districts, and four-fifths of
the expenses of an additional 18,000
men comprising the Cape Mounted
Men, Cape police and volunteer corps,
and district mounted troops serving in
the colony. A noble response, the
Speaker said, had been made to the
call to arms by the government.

Eleven months ago that night (Sat-
urday) 300 men of the Cape Town
garrison, the members of the colonial com-
mandos, had gone to the front to par-
ticipate actively in operations. Sir
Gordon Sprig said that under the new
arrangement the Boers would be sys-
tematically driven out of various dis-
tricts, and measures would be taken

to prevent their returning. At the
same time means would be taken to
seize the local Dutch from joining
or otherwise aiding the Boers. The
forces in the field would move in
southerly and northwesterly direc-
tions, with the ultimate object of gain-
ing complete possession of the whole
country. Sir Gordon said it was impos-
sible to say precisely at what time
the war would terminate, as numerous
small bodies of the enemy must be
wiped out, one after another.

The war would come to an end when
the means of carrying on hostilities by
invaders and rebels had disappeared;

when the last man was gone or had
been made prisoner, the last gun cap-
tured and the last round of ammu-
nition taken. The speaker said he was
thoroughly convinced that the war was
drawing to a close.

WHERE THE BOERS ARE OPERATING.

FORCES SO DISPOSED AS TO MAKE CAPTURE DIFFICULT.

In Order to Deal With Them in De-
tail it is Necessary to Build Line of
Block Houses Two Hundred and Thirty
Miles Long.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)
NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—The corre-
spondent of the London Times and
New York Times, Alexander Mc-
Dowell of Pennsylvania, says that
thirteen Boer commandos with
total force of 1,500 men, in the western
districts of Cape Colony, where the
configuration of the country, the
 scarcity of water and the distance
from the railways make the capture of
the burghers difficult. There are seven
commandos in Calvina district, two
in South Sutherland, three in North-
west Piquetberg and one in Clan Wil-
liam. Gen. French is operating with
eight columns in the south and east of
these districts, but there is nothing to
prevent the Boers escaping north,
where they cannot be followed inde-
nitely.

Once the line from Beaufort west to
Clan William is secured with block
houses, says the correspondent, the
fugitive commandos can be dealt with
in detail at leisure. The distance from
Beaufort west to Clan William 200
miles, gives a small idea of the diffi-
culty of this task.

EXPECTATIONS OF BOERS.
(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)
NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—The New
Wiener Tagblatt quoted by the Vienna
correspondent of the London Times and
New York Times says that, accord-
ing to private intelligence received by it from
The Hague, the opening of confidential
post-packets with a view to the con-
clusion of peace is seriously expected
In Boer circles.

COUNTRY LANES.

Country lanes, white-starred with
bloom,
Where wild things nestle, shy and
sweet,
Where all your waving grasses laugh
And part before my eager feet.

Could I forever dwell with you,
Letting the mad old world rush by,
And just be glad of wind and sun,
Of rocking nest and brooding sky!

How often, in the crowded streets,
I dream of you, sweet country lane,
And feet once more your soft breezes
sooth.

My sooth breast and weary brain.

Above the city's din,
Above the clink of yellow gold,
I hear a wild bird's ringing call,
I catch the scene of leaf-strown mown,

Your grasses kiss my fevered cheek,
Your hawthorn drops her scented rain,

I am a child again, and dream
That heaven hides here, O flower-
studded lane!

—[Criterion.]

Poor Way to Meet Competition.

The shoemakers of Vienna will gain
nothing by carrying out their threat to
smash the window of all shops in
which American shoes are sold. That
they should see that they cannot
make as good shoes as those imported
from America, and at as low a price.
If they can, they need not fear Ameri-
can competition. If they cannot, there
is no use in their trying to smash with
paving stones the law of the survival of
the fittest.—New York Tribune.

WASHINGTON.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

The President, did not discuss the case
with him at all, but will take it up
within the next few days.

It is understood that Senator Per-

kins, who is said to stand for Collector

Lynch, still holds to his position, but

it is believed, nevertheless, that, in

spite of Mr. Perkins' support, Kelley

will be appointed.

ALDRICH ON RECIPROCITY.

WILL WORK AGAINST IT.
(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—(Exclusive
dispatch.) The Republican leader in

the United States Senate who probably

dominates the entire Senate upon ques-

tions of finance and tariff is Senator

Aldrich of Rhode Island. He said to-
day: "The way to deal with reciprocity

is to leave it alone. If we take up

treaties or get into the subject, we will

get into a row that will distract busi-

ness conditions. My efforts will be de-
voted to keeping reciprocity in the back-

ground for the present."

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS. REGULAR SESSION.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—SENATE.—

A profusion of floral offerings, quite

unusual in quantity, variety and beauty,

today transformed the Senate chamber into a veritable flower show.

Almost every member of the body was

the recipient of one or more of these

evidences of the regard of his friends,

and the atmosphere of the chamber was

as fragrant with the perfume of rare plants

and blossoms. The display of chrysanthemums

was notably beautiful, many of the specimens being of the choicest

varieties.

Since the adjournment of the Senate

the chamber has been re-
decorated and repainted. The prin-

cipal features of its beauty and individuality have been retained, but they

have been added to by the artist

decorators. A bright red carpet

has taken the place of the old gold carpet, and the desks and furnishings of the chamber have been notably improved.

MEETS AND ADJOURS.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—An hour

before noon, both the floor and pri-

vate galleries were thronged with stand-
ing room, being filled with spectators.

Senators, including Mr. Keen of New

Jersey, being the first Senator to ap-

pear in the chamber. He was closely

surrounded by his friends and admirers.

He was received with a hearty applau-

seus, and the Senate adjourned.

—[By Otey of Virginia: Giving a to-
bacco ratio to series.]

By Cousins of Iowa: To repeal the

Bankruptcy laws.

By David C. Ulmer: To make

obligations subject to State laws.

By Flynn of Oklahoma: Granting

Statehood to Oklahoma.

By Brownlow of Tennessee: A De-

partment of Commerce, Labor and Manu-

factures; also amending the Con-

stitution; as well as other bills on

the subject.

By Jones of Washington: A com-

mmission to investigate the Japa-

nese.

The Speaker then left the chamber.

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TUESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1901.

Los Angeles Daily Times.

5

GERMANY.
**AGRARIAN'S
PET MEASURE.**
**Chancellor Defends it
Before Reichstag.**
**Says it is not a New
Tariff Departure.**
**Appearance of Von Thielman is
the Signal for a Great
Up roar.**

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)
BERLIN, Dec. 2.—(By Atlantic Cable.) "This bill is the most important that has been before the House for a long time, but it does not imply any deviation from the policy of recent treaties of commerce," said the Imperial Chancellor, Count Von Buelow, at the opening of the debate on the Tariff Bill in the Reichstag today. "On the contrary, the Federal government is firmly resolved to pursue a policy with commercial treaties in the future in the interest of German industry, while, of course, upholding the just rights of Germany."

The Chancellor then proceeded to say that the bill had been carefully prepared upon material furnished by experts in the various branches of trade and industry.

"The Emperor," said the Chancellor, "has approved the bill, which is the result of several years' comprehensive, exacting labor; which is the outcome of the requirements of German industry, and which is intended, while giving so far as possible, equal consideration to all interests, to meet, above all, the wishes for increased protection manifested by the agriculturists, the justice of which, however, the limits prescribed by due regard for the commercial cannot be disputed."

This measure is also intended to furnish a better weapon for future commercial treaty negotiations with other states.

"The bill, therefore, is not a departure from the policy of tariff treaties."

The statement caused exclamations from the Leftists.

"Wait a moment," retorted Count Von Buelow, "and see why the bill runs next."

"In any case," continued the Chancellor, "the Federal government has firmly resolved in the interests of German export trade, to pursue this policy in the future as in the past, and to decide, according to our own judgment, upon the limits of what we can grant without abandoning vital German interests."

"It is now the business of this exalted House to examine the bill and pass it to law. The Federal government is conscious of the far-reaching importance of the bill, and has given it, so far as the economic life of the nation is concerned, and of the unusual difficulties attending the reorganization of customs system."

"In view of the high importance of agriculture for the national power and welfare, it should be afforded every measure of protection compatible with the conditions of our general economic life. Germany is both an industrial and an agrarian State. We must have regard to the millions of hands employed in the factories, and in traffic on land and sea. It should be the earnest endeavor of every responsible statesman to insure and facilitate our share of the international exchange of goods, and to secure foreign treaties on acceptable conditions, thus promoting the well being of the great masses of the population."

The appearance of Dr. Von Thielman, Secretary of the Imperial Treasury, was the signal for a roar that was continued throughout his address. He urged forbearance upon the part of those who were dissatisfied, pointed out the care with which the tariff measure had been drawn, and assured the House that it did not conflict in the least with Russian and other treaties. He said that, in spite of higher duties on cereals, the government hoped to come to an understanding with the United States.

SHLEY UNDERSTOOD THEM.

Diplomats Played Craftily, and Were Dismayed When He Revealed His Knowledge of Their Language.

(Washington Correspondence St. Louis Post-Dispatch.) An incident in the career of Rear-Admiral Schley, which formed a climax to his thrilling work at Santiago, seems never to have been printed, although, as a side light, it reveals his ability as a successful diplomat quite as much in proportion to the opportunities as Admiral Dewey's skill in diplomacy was exhibited in the Philippines subsequent to his display of naval strategy in Manila Harbor.

It was in the closing hours of the war between this country and Spain, and occurred at San Juan, Porto Rico, during September, 1898, about a month after the battle of Santiago. Admiral Dewey, together with W. W. Gordon of the regular service, and Gen. John J. Brooke of the regular army, were constituted a commission to go to Porto Rico and arrange the details for the evacuation of that island by the Spanish and the continuation of the services of the king, Don Alfonso, to Spain. Arriving at San Juan with Gen. Gordon in the early part of September, Admiral Schley found Gen. Brooke with the United States forces encamped at Rio Piedras, about eight miles from San Juan.

Communication was established immediately after the transport Seneca, commanded by Admiral Schley and Gen. Gordon, had anchored in the harbor of San Juan, and in order for the United States Commission to meet a corresponding body of representatives of the Spanish government, and headquarters of the joint commissioners, was established at the Hotel International in San Juan. It was the general impression that the Spaniards would be absolutely necessary, inasmuch as it was supposed that none of the Americans could speak Spanish, and none of the Spaniards could speak English fluently enough to make intercourse possible in the language.

Intercessors were accordingly secured by both sides and the sessions of the conference were inaugurated without undue delay. All the Spaniards on board were decked out in their most brilliant apparel, and arms and banners were strewed numerous places, whether bought in shops or obtained being the conundrum. All American commissioners wore the uniforms of their respective branches of the service, and while not making any supplement with medals and decorations, the Spanish commissioners, presented a very imposing and im-

pressive trio of "Gringos," as the Spaniards term the Yankees.

Proceedings began with the usual courtesies and exchange of formalities, and it was not long before the discussions of the commissioners were under way. It was observed that the Spaniards present were in high glee over what was transpiring, and they chuckled and talked to each other in the most demonstrative manner during the process of having their remarks translated into English by an interpreter. This procedure reminded some of those present of an Indian powwow at the Interior Department in this city when some big chief would give vent to a few guttural sounds, after which the half-breeds interpreter would deliver an oration of several minutes duration, in which he would tell how much regard the Indians had for "their great father at Washington" and how earnestly they desire to live at peace with the white man of the country. Such incidents have been of frequent occurrence, and no one ever credited an interpreter with telling just what the Indian had really said.

So it was at the San Juan conference. After a few moments of a discourse in their experience with the wily and diplomatic Spaniards, and the latter took in the situation and proceeded to make the most of it among themselves. Their jabbering and gesticulations were utterly at variance with the staid efforts on the part of the interpreters, who were adepts in the art of dissimulation and lying just as the Spanish pilots were when they told Admiral Schley that it would be impossible for certain vessels to enter the harbor of San Juan. Amid such scenes and surroundings the commissioners performed the task allotted to them; the Americans conspicuous for their dignity and commanding bearing, while the Spaniards chattered and lied. They felt perfectly safe in saying what they pleased to each other in the liquid language of their own sunny land, and seemed not in the least embarrassed by the gravity of the affairs they were discussing.

Among other topics they discussed in Spanish was the necessity for prolonging negotiations in order that they might receive ample compensation for their services personally and at the same time to obtain a postal, telegraphic and other remuneration for the benefit of their "King." They went so far as to fix some time in February, 1899, and possibly later, for yielding control to the Gringos, and congratulated each other upon the progress they were making.

In addition to the funnier things I ever heard, the few whom I questioned said they had purposely accustomed themselves to the habit, owing to the fact that they were apt to lay their glasses down carelessly and would thus be helpless if attacked suddenly, but the majority declared that their glasses had become a part of themselves, and that they would as soon think of taking off their clothes as their glasses.

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**POWER OF HABIT
STRONG IN SLEEP.**
**SLEEPING-CAR PORTER STUDIES
HUMAN NATURE.**

Men Who Can't Sleep Without Their Glasses—Wigs Worn by Others—False Teeth Generally Removed—Effects of the Points of the Compass and Indian Line.

[New York Sun:] "Working on the cars we learn odd things about the sleeping habits of people," said a porter on a Pullman car. "One of our surprises items gleaned in my early railroad days was the fact that many people who wear glasses cannot sleep without them. The first time I saw a man go to bed with his glasses on I thought he had made a mistake.

"Sir," I said, "you have forgotten to undress. You have your glasses on."

"The man snapped like an angry turtle."

"Of course I have," he said. "I couldn't be able to sleep a wink without 'em."

"Then there are certain sounds essential to repose. I have known a few abnormal souls, that are soothed to slumber, and held thereby to the ticking of a clock. Unfortunately, the ever-increasing rate of travel has given us a greater number of wide awake and insomniacs."

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THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

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THE FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

A great deal of important business will come before the first session of the Fifty-seventh Congress, which opened in Washington yesterday. The session in certain to be a very busy one, though there are no present indications that it will be especially "stormy." Some of the principal measures to be considered will be likely to lead to prolonged, and perhaps heated debate, as is usually the case when questions of great moment are under consideration. But there is no prospect of any serious deadlock. The Republicans have a good working majority in each house, and on most of the leading issues they are tolerably well united. Our political opponents, as a matter of course, will be "against the government" in most cases. But they are not numerically strong enough to do more than to cause annoying delay in the enactment of measures desired by the majority. On some of these measures Democrats and Republicans can stand together, and these should not drag unnecessarily before their enactment into law.

The House of Representatives did well in reelecting David B. Henderson of Iowa to the Speakership. As Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Fifty-sixth Congress, Mr. Henderson won the esteem and admiration of his political opponents as well as of the Republican members. His rulings are generally conceded by members on both sides of the House to have been eminently just and fair. He presided with dignity as well as with fairness, and with excellent discrimination and good judgment. His reelection to the position is an endorsement which Mr. Henderson has honestly won. The House is to be congratulated, for the retention of this experienced and capable member in the position of presiding officer will undoubtedly facilitate the transaction of the public business.

Among the more important of the measures which will be considered at the present session will be the Nicaragua Canal Bill, which will come up in very much the same form as the Hepburn bill, which failed of passage at the last session, although there was a clear majority in favor of its provisions in both houses of Congress. The prospects are that the canal bill will pass at the present session. All obstacles to the construction of the interoceanic waterway have practically been cleared away, and there is a strong feeling throughout the country that the time has come to begin work in earnest. The new Hay-Pauncefote treaty will doubtless be brought before the Senate early in the session, and as the principal objections which were raised to the old treaty have been done away with in the new, it seems a safe assumption that the treaty will be ratified without much discussion or delay. If Congress, at its present session, should accomplish nothing more than the authorization of the construction of the Nicaragua Canal, the session would not be barren of good results.

The question of tariff legislation will develop more or less divergence of opinion among Republicans in both houses, but these differences are not likely to lead to serious results. Strong pressure will be brought to bear to secure the adoption of various schemes of reciprocity. But, on the other hand, most of these schemes will be promptly and vigorously opposed by the interests and the sections which would or might be injured by their operation, should they go into effect. Of the outcome as to reciprocity there is some doubt. The victory will rest with those who can secure the most Congressional votes. This is a sort of Bunsian view of the matter, but it is about as near to a safe prediction as it is possible to get at this time. Of tariff legislation proper, there is likely to be little or none at this session of Congress.

Then there is the immigration question, which is certain to occupy a large amount of attention. That another Chinese exclusion law will be enacted, to take the place of the Geary law, which expires in May, 1902, seems to be a foregone conclusion, and the prospects are that it will be even more stringent than the present law. But it will not be well, as The Times has heretofore pointed out, for Congress to stop with Chinese exclusion. There is no reason for shelling out the Chinese for exclusion, while permitting an almost unrestricted influx of all sorts of undesirable immigrants from other countries. The whole question of immigration should be dealt with in a broad and statesmanlike manner. Whatever legislation may be enacted it should not be the outcome of narrow prejudice against any one nationality, nor should it be dictated by the selfish interests and aims of any particular class.

A new ship-subsidy bill is to be pre-

treated by the Senate, and is to be presented to the House of Representatives.

It is said that Bob Fitzsimmons has the book-writing fever. As he was a failure on the stage, perhaps he hopes to elevate literature to a lofty plane.

The price of soft coal has gone up 25 cents a ton, but as we are still using ice here in Southern California, we have little cause for worry just yet.

Colorado women have begun a crusade against corset and whisky advertisements in the magazines. Sort of a "boozie 'em deal all around."

Hollanders appear to be of the opinion that Prince Henry would not be missed if his name were stricken off the roll call.

And now the Pullman scandal will send forth its breezy odors for the benefit of the excitable press and the gossip.

Like a gopher, the Hoers seem to have a way of digging a hole, crawling in and getting out by a back door.

It is not reported that the doctor has been obliged to make a call at the White House since Thanksgiving.

Russia is playing the game of grab, with Armenia doing the dodging act beneath the puckering string.

While President Roosevelt's message will be long, this will be off by the broadest it will assume.

And now 40,000 shirt-waist makers threaten to go on a strike. Girls, girls, can you tide it over?

The Sick Man of Turkey is now immune from Thanksgiving jokes for another season.

That Colon scrap very nearly assumed all the horrors of the modern gridiron.

All eyes will be on Washington and President Roosevelt for the next few weeks.

Congress has rolled up its sleeves and entered the ring, ready for business.

Prince Chum has also been asked to perform a retrograde movement.

FREE-DELIVERY SERVICE SELF-SUSTAINING.

It is gratifying to note, from the annual report of First Assistant Postmaster-General Johnson, that the steady increase in the postal revenues has at last resulted in making the free-delivery branch of the service self-sustaining. The gross postal revenues of the United States for the last fiscal year amounted to nearly \$112,000,000. Of this, \$74,295,394 came from the 866 cities having free delivery. The remaining 3600 Presidential postoffices of the fourth class turned over to the government.

THE PLAYHOUSES.

BURBANK. The "Queen of Hayti" at the Burbank cannot be called an unqualified success. Its only interest is engendered in the fact that all the performers are genuine colored folk. Their histrioic and vocal abilities are kept as much in the dark as their complexions. The stock company season which begins shortly with the return of the Neil company will be welcomed with acclaim by patrons of this popular theater.

OPERAUM. This is an excellent week at the Orpheum. Two excellent attractions, to-wit: Lillian Hall, divide the stellar honors, while the balance of the bill is composed of good material.

Lillian Burkhardt presents this week our favorite little starlet, and presents it with all the wit, snap and charm for which this clever comedienne is so noted. With Miss Burkhardt's ability it is a wonder that some enterprising manager has not enticed her from vaudeville to legitimate.

The woman probably has one of our modern girls swinging a golf club or ride a horse "straddle fashion."

You will run up against a bunch of trouble if you spit in a Pasadena car now. The conductors are practicing on pink tips of dummy passengers out, preparatory to tackling the obnoxious expectors.

"When is a heater a heater?" is what the Los Angeles school board will be asking out-and-judging from the records of Lincoln in Washington, will not fail to attract attention. It is not proposed that it should in any way interfere with the plans for a memorial to Mr. McKinley, and it would be a misfortune if it should do so. A proper sense of propriety would seem to call for both. —(Washington Times).

A NEW DAY.

A new day is dawning, and the world is cleaner because the kids forgot their white gloves and patent-leather shoes? Mud-hub!

A Frisco paper states that the tombstone industry in the last century.

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You will run up against a bunch of trouble if you spit in a Pasadena car now. The conductors are practicing on pink tips of dummy passengers out, preparatory to tackling the obnoxious expectors.

"When is a heater a heater?" is what the Los Angeles school board will be asking out-and-judging from the records of Lincoln in Washington, will not fail to attract attention. It is not proposed that it should in any way interfere with the plans for a memorial to Mr. McKinley, and it would be a misfortune if it should do so. A proper sense of propriety would seem to call for both. —(Washington Times).

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TUESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1901.

CONGRESS
IT TO CALLTHE OIL INDUSTRY.
GAMBLING IN OIL
STOCKS QUITE DEAD.PROSPECT OF EARLY REVIVAL NOT
VERY BRIGHT.RAILROAD COMMISSION'S DECISION IN
FREIGHT RATE CASE—KERN RIVER SHIP-
PING BOARD BROKEN—SUNSET PIPE LINE
DISCUSSED.“The oil-stock speculation played
out.”Stock brokers and others are asking
this question, and to the former the
answer, read in signs of the day, is
not at all satisfactory. Played out or
not, local stock trading, all things con-
sidered, was never duller on the local
market than at present, and for the very
good reason that there are very few
buyers willing to part with their coin
for securities that pay no dividends.In many oil fields of the State, es-
pecially in the home territory, the large
bulk of the product has been con-
sumed for a long time, and in
many cases the price at which the
oil is being sold is such as to make
dividends paying, on the large capital-
sums under which the oil companies
have launched, quite out of the ques-
tion.Although it is evident that oil stocks
will be held in the shaft for some time
to come, indications are that there will
be considerable activity in the han-
dling of mining securities during the
winter. These already are find-
ing a market off the exchange, but
they will soon be made to serve this
function, if successful the stock
holders will once more have a job.

FREIGHT RATE REDUCED.

COMMISSION'S DECISION.

THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—[The Rail-
road Commissioners decided for the
first time today that the rates of
transportation on crude petroleum from
the districts of the lower San Joa-
quin Valley to San Francisco are ex-
cessive, and should be reduced by
one-half. The hearings on crude ex-
penses were adjourned by the commission,
and at the same time the board adopted
a plan requiring the defendant cor-
porations to the Southern Pacific and
the Santa Fe, to materially reduce their
rates, both for the haul from Bak-
erfield to this city, and for switching
charges from Oil City to San Fran-
cisco. The reduction on the haul be-
tween Bakerfield and San Francisco is
exactly the same as that ordered
at the first hearing of the case, al-
though made in different form. In de-
fense the oil companies had argued
that they did not attempt to disturb
switching charges from Oil City
to San Francisco. These charges are now
fixed by order of the commission.The Kern River oil company, in the opinion
of the commission, is undeniably hold-
ing a market for the unprofitable

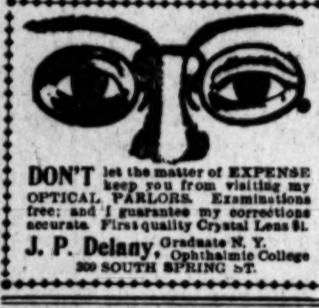
wants of \$60,000 per month.

J. P. Delany, * Optician, College
200 SOUTH SPRING ST.“The dentist is an
artist who makes
drawings from life.”

Men's Suits.

The tailor who makes a suit
that fits, and that will hold its
shape is an artist. Our Bro-
oklyn Bros.' "High Art" mer-
chant tailor-made suits show a
combination of style and quality
synonymous with perfection — the
result of taste and skill, of
brains and fine workmanship;
pattern, material, fit and finish
alike excellent — no sacrifice of
artistic effect and harmony. Suits
that will wear well and look
well at all times

and on all occasions.

Why don't you wear Bro-
oklyn clothes? They are the
best.*Linden Clothing*HARRIS & FRANK, Propri-
etors
117-125 N. Spring.DON'T let the matter of EXPENSE
be your trouble. Go to our OPTICAL PARLORS. Examinations
free; and I guarantee my corrections
accurate. First Quality Lens \$1.
J. P. Delany, * Optician, College
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It is the matter of EXPENSE
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in the Kern River to the amount of
\$2600 went up in smoke Friday, but the
loss was fully covered by insurance.

The fire, the origin of which is un-
known, broke out in a bunkhouse, and
before it could be extinguished several
other outbuildings were destroyed.

For some time the Standard's new office,
which is a short distance from the
other buildings, was threatened, but a
bucket brigade was formed, and by
skillful work succeeded in preventing
further loss.

FULLERTON'S NEW PRODUCER.

FULLERTON, Dec. 2.—[From The
Times' Resident Correspondent.] The
Menges Oil Company's well is now

pumping sixty barrels twelve hours
daily. When on the pump day and
night it produces over a hundred
barrels, the company is now selling
dry barrels of 16 gravity oil daily
to the Temescal Water Company of
Corona.

Work will be started again on the

Hole well in La Habra Valley as soon
as the water from the East.

The hole is down over 600 feet, with

less than half the value of
the well.

The net profit of a car load

is down to 44½ per cent, or
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SHEEP AND WOOL CENSUS.

Work of Manufacturers' Association.

California's Flock Shows a Decrease.

Irrigation Making the Land Too Valuable to Be Used for Pasture.

By F. N. HOLLINGSWORTH.

ESPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES

BOSTON, Nov. 29.—Previous to the current year, the work of the member of the United States has always been undertaken by the United States Department of Agriculture, but for some reason best known to themselves, the officials of that department have not carried out the plan this year, and rather than leave the work undone, it has been carried through by the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, with headquarters in Boston. In some respects the work accomplished differs from that of the government, for the census was taken to April 1, 1901, instead of at the beginning of the year.

The work, however, has been carried on with great care and attention to detail, and the character of all the statistical and work of the Wool Manufacturers' Association, absolute confidence may be placed in their figures. The estimate of the total number of sheep in the country, exclusive of lambs under one year old is placed at 41,920,900, as against the national census figures in 1890 (January 1), 42,000,000, and the latest figures, lower on record for 1897, of 36,518,662. This comparison is somewhat defective, however, owing to the difference between the dates of the government census and that of the wool association. Variability in the date of sheep disease exposure during the winter months, and the total is therefore less in April than earlier. The total of over forty-one millions on April 1, 1901, though a few more than in January 1, 1900, shows an increase of 1,700,000 over those on hand April 1, 1900.

It is impossible for the association to state the value of the flock for 1901, but some previous figures may be of interest. The total value of the flock on January 1, 1885, was \$107,560,620. By 1889 it dropped to \$90,549,369. In 1892 it had risen to the high value of \$125,908,264, but by 1896 it had fallen to the lowest point on record of \$64,167,721. In 1899 it had advanced again to \$107,697,430, and last year the valuation was \$122,665,912. Undoubtedly this year's valuation will be largely in excess of that in the year 1890, when it was \$107,560,620.

According to the association's figures, California's flock in 1901 numbers 12,759,650, as compared with 2,601,501 last year and 4,124,376 in 1892. These same figures place the California 1901 clip at 1,000,000 pounds, with an average of a fleece at seven pounds, and the percentage of shrinkage at 66, making the secured product amount to 1,188,445.

The general average weight of fleeces, six pounds, compares unfavorably with last year's weight, 5.46 pounds, and is the smallest since 1877.

This decrease in weight is due to an unusually mild winter, and to other favorable conditions in the territorial States. It is accompanied by a reduction in the shrinkage of fleeces,

moreover, from 61.1 per cent. in 1900 to 60 per cent. for the current year, a further favorable change which tends to confirm the statement that the wools of the current clip are in better condition than ever before.

California is placed below fifth in the table of quality of greasy wools, along with New Mexico, Texas, Ohio and Colorado, and above Idaho, Wyoming, second; Idaho third and Utah fourth; displacing Oregon to fifth. Montana also leads as a fiber producer.

New England's clip is barely half what it was in 1892, and the Middle States possess much the same condition. New York showing a decline, even from last year. The most steadfast decline has been in the Southern States. Though the relative loss from the large clip is greater in the New England and the Middle States, the actual loss of the South is the largest incurred by any section. Colorado also shows a tremendous loss, over 5,000,000 pounds less than last year. Oregon and the declining California raises less than one-half what it raised in the best year. The seat of the wool growing industry is now in the high lands between the Missouri and Pacific, and the Atlantic section, making the lands on the Pacific Coast more profitable for agricultural than pastoral pursuits is attributed by the association as the cause of the decline in wool growing in California, and the other Coasts.

The 1901 wool clip is put at \$62,562,224 pounds, as compared with 23,972,813 pounds last year, exclusive in both cases of the pulled wool. This is an increase of 28.2 per cent. The probable quantity of pulled wool will add about 5,000,000 pounds more than the estimate of last year, and the total production of fleeces and pulled wool will be about 302,562,323 pounds, compared with 287,534,136 pounds last year. An estimate of the secured product is 126,314,696 pounds, against 118,222,120 pounds last year. The total secured value of the clip is estimated at \$51,164,709.

Copyright, 1901, by F. N. Hollingsworth.

RAILROAD NOTES.

Southern Pacific Resumes Sunset Limited Service Between New Orleans and California.

The Southern Pacific has resumed its fast through service between San Francisco and New Orleans, the first "Sunset Limited" train leaving New Orleans yesterday, and from the northern metropolis next Friday. Better tri-weekly service than ever before is promised.

The following new service is announced by the Santa Fe, effective December 4: Train leaving Los Angeles at 8:30 a.m., via Pasadena, will run to Perris, daily except Sunday; to Hemet and San Jacinto, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; to Elsinore, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Arrives at San Jacinto at 12:30 p.m., and at Elsinore at 12:30 p.m. The 10:45 a.m. train runs as heretofore, arriving at Hemet at 2:45 p.m., and at San Jacinto at 3:30 p.m. Returning train leaves Elsinore at 1:15 p.m., and San Jacinto at 1:30 p.m. on same days.

The new general passenger agent of the Santa Fe, effective December 4: Train leaving Los Angeles at 8:30 a.m., via Pasadena, will run to Perris, daily except Sunday; to Hemet and San Jacinto, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; to Elsinore, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Arrives at San Jacinto at 12:30 p.m., and at Elsinore at 12:30 p.m. The 10:45 a.m. train runs as heretofore, arriving at Hemet at 2:45 p.m., and at San Jacinto at 3:30 p.m. Returning train leaves Elsinore at 1:15 p.m., and San Jacinto at 1:30 p.m. on same days.

The new general passenger agent of the Santa Fe, left for Chicago last night to attend the meeting of the Transcontinental Passenger Association.

Ross Cline, local agent of the Wabash, returned yesterday from Montana.

Jay Adams, Pacific Coast passenger

agent of the Nickel Plate, and J. T. McAllister of the same road at Chicago, returned yesterday from Catalina Island.

J. J. Hillier, for several years connected with the passenger department of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and more recently with the White Pass and Yukon Railway, has taken a place as excursion agent for the Banning Company, Mr. Carey engaging in the lumber business in Los Angeles.

BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY OF CERAMIC ART.

NEW LOS ANGELES CLUB HAS ITS FIRST RECEPTION.

Collection Worth Probably Ten Thousand Dollars and Containing Many Magnificent Pieces, Shown in the Blanchard Art Rooms—"K" is There.

"Spell it with a 'K.' Samivel; spell it with a 'K.'"

Ceramic art made its bow to the art-world last night, with a "K" on its head.

It was at the first reception of the Los Angeles Ceramic Club, in the Blanchard art rooms.

"If you want to put after the very latest fashion," said Miss Jessie M. Washburn, president of the club, "you must spell it with a 'K.'"

There are several recognized styles in ceramic art, yet each pupil soon branches off into a style of his own, and such diversity is to be known as a development of any particular type.

"Whose style do you call this?" asked the reporter, innocently, of an exhibitor.

"My own," was the terse reply.

"What is your style?" "Broad" stands for the delicately suggestive, and Leykau may be looked upon as occupying the happy medium.

Each of the more than 600 specimens, all of exquisite beauty and workmanship, shown last night, surely every phase of artistic taste could be satisfied.

The two men had entrenched themselves and watched each other with shotguns in their hands for the first few days. Then a proposal of truce was made.

The terms of this compromise were that a line was to be drawn across the quarter section, and that each was to keep to his respective side and shacks should revert to the legal owner to be decided by the processes of law.

"Do you mean San Pedro or do you mean the real home?" asked another.

"Why, I meant home, across the water, where the people are of the white brand, and where there's hot biscuits, and a bed, and clean water inside."

Harrison looked at the man and shook his head strangely.

"Don't you wish you were goin' home, Connelly?" asked a man trudging behind a great tall chap.

"Home! Do you ever expect to get home?"

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TUESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1901.

Los Angeles Daily Times.

11

**Huge New Telescope
for Lick Observatory.**
INSTRUMENT JUST BUILT BY A
LOS ANGELES COMPANY.

Great Searcher of Heavens to Be Used
for Photographic Work on a High
Peak in the Tropics—Immense Yet
Bulky.

Down at the Fulton Engine Works
there has just been completed a huge
telescope which is to be shipped this
week to the Lick Observatory on
Mount Hamilton. The lenses will be
put in there, and the great searcher of
heavens will then be ready for
business.

This is the first time that a Los Angeles
firm has ever had a similar contract,
and the makers are justly proud
of their work. The contract was originally
held by the Park & Lacy Company
of San Francisco, but was sublet
to the local firm. The work is fully up
to specifications and has been
done by Dr. Campbell, a trustee of the
Lick Observatory, and also one of the
Hamilton astronomers, by
the design of whom were furnished.

The telescope, when mounted, will
be used exclusively for photographic
work. For this purpose it will be
set up in a tower, and the observations
will be made in conjunction with a
new aperture. The upper lens will
be concave, three or four inches thick;
the lower one will be a duplicate of
this, but will have a small hole
through the center three inches in di-
ameter through which the reflected
light will fully pass to be caught on a
lens. The lenses are made in the
factory and will cost about \$10,000.

The framework and stiles of the
tower for the two heaven-gazing
lenses are a huge bulk of steel weighing
over 600 pounds. The tube for the
lenses is forty inches in diameter and
feet long. A telescope of so
size, an instrument of precision, of
so delicate construction and bearings must be
so expertly made that the slightest force
will adjust, to the most delicate degree,
any piece of mechanism. For this
there are two adjustable arms
which turn independently, and the
quadrant shaped like a fan. Over
the top of this a wire cord fastened to
the telescope keeps the lens fixed in
the under mechanism and moving
it with the celestial bodies.
The glass has been so finely regulated
that a movement at the upper lens can
be made and governed to the infinitesimal
part of an inch. The main pivotal
parts are two 4-inch diameter
bronze bearings. The
body of the instrument is borne by a
steel bed plate, which will be
used, when mounted, on concrete
foundation. The quadrant adjuster is
made with rollers which will move
easily and fastened to a substantia-
l base.

A perfect balance of the instrument is
maintained by means of weights,
which move on threads on the cross-

EVENTS IN SOCIETY.

The first of a series of delightful
"home" planned by Co. N. G.C., was given in the
Armory yesterday evening, and was at-
tended by more than two hundred
couples. These social evenings will be
given monthly and they will be looked
forward to with much pleasure by the
members of the company and their
many friends. The large hall was
handsomely decorated. Rifles, crossed
and tied with bows of ribbon, orna-
mented the walls, and at the entrance
was an immense American flag, grace-
fully draped. Holly, palms and ferns
were arranged here and there, produc-
ing a charming effect, and the large
gating booth was completely covered
with foliage and flowers. The guests
were entertained with music and the
Blanchard-Schaeffer orchestra, fur-
nished music. Light refreshments
were served throughout the evening.
The committee included the following:
Named: Floor—Lieut. Robinson, Sergt.
Morgan, Sergt. Harlan, Corp. Noeth,
Sergt. Wadleigh, Sergt. Jamison, Privates
Brown and Bennett; Door Committee—
Sergt. Johnson, Major General Mor-
gan, Privates Pierce, Cheney, Brown;
Refreshments Committee—Privates Black
and Hawkes; Check Committee—
Privates Wrangler, Jamison and Claude
Brown.

Cox-McGuire.

Mrs. Alta M. E. Cox and Martin S.
McGuire were married Sunday evening
at the home of the bride's parents, No.
116 East Twenty-fifth street. The wed-
ding was largely attended by friends
and relatives. Rev. Wm. A. Knighton,
pastor of Vincent M. C. Church, officiated.
After the service an elaborate
dinner was served in the dining-room.
The decorations throughout the house
were beautiful and artistic. The bride
was the recipient of many presents.

Woodlawn Whist Club.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Chambers enter-
tained the members of the Woodlawn
Whist Club yesterday afternoon at
their home in East Thirty-sixth street.
The room was filled with a large
orchestra, which had been engaged
especially for the occasion. The
members of the club were present.
The reception committee included
W. D. Gibbs, chairman; Mrs. M. Cady,
Mrs. G. T. Johnson, Mrs. J. L. Hansen
and E. T. Emery. At midday an elaborate
dinner was served, after which refreshments were served.

Lodge Dance.

Fratern. Lodge No. 22, Fraternal
Brotherhood, gave a large dancing
party in Blanchard Hall yesterday
evening. The occasion was the regular
monthly ball, given the first Monday
of every month during the winter
season. The attendance was large.
Music was furnished by an amateur
orchestra. The reception committee
included W. D. Gibbs, chairman; Mrs.
M. Cady, Mrs. G. T. Johnson, Mrs. J. L.
Hansen and E. T. Emery. At midday
refreshments were served, after
which dancing was resumed.

30 Years Old.

Abraham E. Elmer, 54 Spring Street.
Abraham E. Elmer, 54 Spring Street.
Whiskey—If you are sick and run down, seek
Whiskey. Rochester, N.Y., freely. All correspondence in strictest confidence. It is the only whiskey recognized by the government as a medicine. This is a guarantee. All druggists and grocers, or direct, \$3 a bottle.

Pleasant Evening.

A peanut party was given Friday
evening by Miss Harriet James at her
residence, No. 118 South Hill street,
a distance of the Senior B.M.A.'s baseball
team of the High School. The
rooms were prettily decorated with
vines and flowers, and the electric
lights were shaded with parchment—
which was very effective. The花生
giving effect to the scene. The
evening was devoted to music and peanut
games, after which refreshments were
served. Those present were Misses
Hatch, Minnie Cox, Mrs. Weber, Marie
Metcalfe, Mrs. Walter Corbin, Garnett
Joslin, John Fisher, Le Roy Morris,
Neal Hawley, Charles Singletary
and Claude St. Morris.

Ocean Park Assembly.

The first meeting of the Ocean Park
Assembly was held last Tuesday evening
at the Country Club House. Program
of the meeting was the entertainment
of the women's billiards and dancing.
Miss Binford captured the
ladies' prize, a handsome Bohemian
vase, and Mrs. Fraser won the gentlemen's
prize, a Cuban head tobacco box.
About fifty members were present.
Before Mrs. T. B. Bostler, Mrs. C. Gil-
low and Mrs. Hunter were hostesses for
the evening.

Dancing Party.

A pleasant affair of the past week
was the dance Friday evening at the
Hotel Roosevelt. Mr. and Mrs. C. B. and H. C. Hervey, comp-
lementary to the guests of the hotel, and
their friends. Sixty couples were in
attendance. The large parlors were
handsomely decorated for the occasion.
Refreshments were served.

Luncheon.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Clampitt of No.
22 Broad street, had a farewell lun-
cheon in honor of Mr. and Mrs. A. P.
McBride and family, and Miss Bertha
Woods of Independence, Kan. Sunday.
Those present were Mrs. J. A.
Clampitt, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. McBride,
and Mr. and Mrs. S. Badgley. Mr. and
Mrs. S. Badgley, Mr. and Mrs. E. A.
Clampitt, Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Clampitt;
Misses Bertha Woods, Annie Clampitt,
Elaine Clampitt, Maude McBride, Myr-
lene Clampitt, and Mary Clampitt.
Misses Rosalie Badgley, Bert McBrine,
Earl Clampitt, Herbert Badgley, Jessie
McBride, Carl Clampitt and Kirk Badgley.

Surprise Party.

A pleasant surprise party was given
to Mrs. I. Clinton at her home, No. 480
California street, by the members of
the Congregation Beth Israel Sunday
evening. Music and games were
played.

The Butterfly Bazaar.

The eleventh annual bazaar of St.
John's Episcopal Church opens this
afternoon at 2 o'clock in St. John's Hall,
corner Adams and Figueroa streets, and
will continue throughout the afternoon and
until 10 o'clock on Thursday night.

These bazaars are among the most suc-
cessful social and church gatherings of
the year, and are the center of attraction
while they last. The spacious hall
is beautifully decorated in the various
color schemes of green and white,
relieved by myriads of paper butterflies
in all colors of the rainbow. The booths
are especially attractive, each vying
with the other in artistic effect and
utilitarian display. There are booths
under the direction of Mrs. O. Posey
and Mrs. T. L. Winder, the latter having
charge of the dinner department.

The largest and most attractive booth
is the art booth, which is under the
direction of Mrs. Posey and contains
a brilliant display of art calendars,
photo miniatures, and china painting.
Mrs. Posey is assisted by Mrs. Van
Giesen and Mrs. E. H. Moore, together
with Mrs. J. E. Conner, Misses M. M.
Hyatt, P. G. Hubert, U. Gibbs, Price-Behan, Randall, Hutchinson,
W. M. Jack, and the Misses Goodall,
Peniston and Duffit. Then there
is the candy booth, with its toothsome

THE FIRST PRINTER.

There is Evidence to Show That More
Than One European Used Type Before
Gutenberg.

[Baltimore Sun:] Till recently most
persons believed that printing was in-
vented by John Gutenberg in Mainz
in 1450, but investigation suggests that
Gutenberg was not the sole inventor,
nor even the master spirit in the in-

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey
MEDICINE FOR ALL MANKIND.

Cures Consumption!

Dear Sirs—After reading your advertisement
which helped me right away. I am now on
my fourth bottle, using it for consumption,
and feel like never before. I think it is
the best medicine I have ever taken. I was at
home in Chicago, I would have never come
out here for my health. ED SCHUBERTON,
1008 Market St., Denver, Colo. March 30, 1901.

Utica, N. Y., who is nearing his 12th birth-
day, says: "Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is
my only medicine. It has prolonged my life
many years."

Pneumonia Cured.

Gentlemen—I had a severe case of pneu-
monia last fall, and had to take about a dozen
bottles of your whisky to get it consumption,
and I feel like never before. I think it is
the best medicine I have ever taken. I was at
home in Chicago, I would have never come
out here for my health. ED SCHUBERTON,
1008 Market St., Denver, Colo. March 30, 1901.

Stopped Hemorrhages.

Nashua City, N. H., June 15, 1901.
Gentlemen—it is with great pleasure that
I write to you concerning your Duffy's Pure Malt
Whiskey. I have had a severe case of hem-
orrhage, and have had to day only for
one-half hour. I have used all kinds of
medicine and been under the care of doctor
and have had three severe attacks of grip and
pains, which have been with a bad
cough and weak heart. I am 67 years old,
and have tonned up my system and stopped the
hemorrhage, and I cough but very little.
I only regret that I did not know of your
whisky sooner. I cannot express what it
has done for me.

Yours truly, MRS. H. C. ALLINGTON.

Caution.—When buying Duffy's Pure Malt
Whiskey be sure you get the genuine.
Unscrupulous persons are constantly
offering imitations of this preparation, seeking
continually to put upon the market cheap
imitations, which, far from relieving the sick,
are positively harmful. Demand Duffy's
Pure Malt Whiskey. It is the only whisky
which has been certified as being
so pure and contains no fuel oil.

Yours truly, WILLIE D. BALL,
1218 11th St., Richmond, Va., Sept. 11, 1901.

What People Say Who Have Tried It.

I have suffered with rheumatic pains for
some time and after having received a com-
pound fracture of the leg, suffered consider-
ably. I have tried many medicines but
none relieved me. I have taken Dr. Halpruner's
wonderful medicine, as prescribed, I feel
no pain and am able to walk again.
MRS. E. R. THOMPSON,
1202 Van Ness Ave., San Francisco, Cal.

I have been afflicted with chronic catarrh
for many years. I have traveled all over
Europe, part of Asia and Africa. I have
tried many medicines but none relieved me
but since I have taken Dr. Halpruner's
wonderful medicine, as prescribed, I feel
no pain and am able to walk again.
WM. DE KRAPPY, M.D.,
Pacific Ave., Oakland, Calif.

Halpruner's
wonderful medicine

Colds, Sore

Throat, Pains in Chest,

Rheumatism and Catarrh, or for

anything of a like nature—Halpruner's

what you want and Halpruner's will cure you

if you will take it conscientiously and regularly.

For a cold in the head it will give immediate relief and cure
permanently in less than one day.

For sore throat rub Halpruner's on the throat and take a little
internally—keep up the rubbing and soon the throat is well.
For pains in the chest rub in Halpruner's.

For rheumatism take it internally to remove the cause—rub it on
the aching parts to stop all pain.

For catarrh inhale the vapor and take it internally.

But don't expect an instant cure in cases of long standing rheu-
matism and catarrh—Halpruner's is a wonderful medicine
but it can't perform miracles, and no sensible person ought

to expect it. Halpruner's will cure you because it is
compounded in the right manner and of the right ingredients

to cure, but give it a fair trial—that's all. There never
was a medicine made so pure and so effective as

Halpruner's, and because it is so made is
why it cures so thoroughly.

Halpruner Med. Mfg. Co., 28

California St., S. F.

What People Say Who Have Tried It.

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SYRUP OF FIGS

IS AN EXCELLENT FAMILY LAXATIVE—

IT IS REFRESHING TO THE TASTE AND ACTS

PLEASANTLY AND GENTLY.

IT ASSISTS ONE HABITUAL CONSTIPATION

PERMANENTLY

With many millions of families Syrup of Figs has become the
ideal home laxative. The combination is a simple and wholesome

one, and the method of manufacture by the California Fig Syrup
Company ensures that perfect purity and uniformity of product,
which have commended it to the favorable consideration of the
most eminent physicians and to the intelligent appreciation of all
who are well informed in reference to medicinal agents.

Syrup of Figs has truly a laxative effect and acts gently without
out in any way disturbing the natural functions and with perfect
freedom from any unpleasant after effects.

In the process of manufacturing, figs are used, as they are
pleasant to the taste, but the medicinally laxative principles of the
combination are obtained from plants known to act most bene-
ficially on the system.

To get its beneficial effects—
buy the genuine Manufactured by

California Fig Syrup Co.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

PRICE 50¢ PER BOTTLE

CEASAR'S CANDY CATHERINE BOWEL TONIC

THE CITY IN BRIEF,

AT THE THEATERS.

LOS ANGELES—Maverick Minstrels.
BURRANKS—Queen of May.
ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

Federal Grand Jury.

The Federal grand jury, after a month's session, will meet this morning at 10 o'clock.

Robbed by Snack Thief.

Samuel Green, who owns a lunch stand on Fourth street, opposite the Los Angeles Pacific Railroad depot, was robbed of \$75 by a sneak thief, who visited his room at No. 344 South Hill street, some time after 1 o'clock yesterday morning.

Lecture on Rome.

Miss Mary Fay lectured last night in the room of the British Club before the Y.W.C.A. She confined herself to a talk on Rome, using as her illustration a fine picture of the Colosseum, which she secured for the High School during her visit to Rome.

Charged With Vagrancy.

Henrietta Blaude, a well-dressed young woman, was arrested last night at First and Los Angeles streets on a charge of vagrancy. With her was arrested James Gibson, 21, negro. She was accompanied by a child, and the little one had no home he was also cared for by the police.

Church Robbed.

The Memorial Baptist Church was broken into and robbed of a few trifles Sunday night. The hinges were removed from a door, and a roll-top desk was forced open and damaged but nothing of value was taken. Some said it must have been done by the Rev. C. G. Pierce kept the church collections there.

Need of Revivals.

A. B. Kendig of Boston addressed the Methodist Ministers' Association yesterday morning at the First Methodist Church, pointing out the difference between revival and proselytizing. Most ministers, he said, should be given new revivals, which are awakenings to new life, and without them a church cannot survive long in health.

Pietist and Politics.

The fortnightly meeting of the members of the Los Angeles Clericals of the Episcopal Church, was held Monday morning in the dean's room. The church, pointing out the difference between revival and proselytizing. Most ministers, he said, should be given new revivals, which are awakenings to new life, and without them a church cannot survive long in health.

Col. Thompson's Injuries.

Col. R. M. Thompson, who fell from a tree at the corner of Broadway and Seventh street Saturday evening, is lying in a critical condition at the Woman's Hospital, corner of Pico street and Grand avenue. The colonel suffered a fracture of the arm, which made the bone of the arm near the shoulder, besides the dislocation of the shoulder joint. He is 73 years of age, and a fatal result is feared by Dr. Trueworthy.

Stone Throwers Arrested.

The five young men who amused themselves on Friday Heights Friday night by throwing rocks at houses in the neighborhood, were taken before the Police Court yesterday and fined \$10 each, the fine being suspended during their good behavior. One of the gang was at Joe Davin's when those stoned, and he told who the others were.

Chief Will Prosecute Him.

An alarm of fire was sent in from box 419, Adams street and Vermont avenue, at 2:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon. When the firemen reached the box they found no fire, but several men informed them that the alarm had been fired in by a boy named Howard Starr, son of a dairyman who lives near that corner. The master was reported to Chief Strohm and he declared that he will prosecute the boy. The penalty for turning in a false alarm is very severe.

Theater License.

The theatrical managers of Los Angeles are making an especially emphatic protest against the new license ordinance, which imposes a tax of \$5 a month, or \$60 a year, on theaters, as against \$25 a month, the present rate. The managers say the new license fee in San Francisco is but \$20 a year; in Portland, \$100 a year; in Salt Lake, \$100 a year, and in New York City, \$300 a year, one-fourth of the amount to go to the Actors Fund. On the face of it, tax of \$60 a year in Los Angeles is excessive, and almost prohibitive. It is quite certain that the City Fathers will cut it.

Run Down by Wheeler.

Frederick Thompson, aged 25, whose home is at No. 111 Wall street, was seriously injured last evening by being run down by a wheeler, whose identity is not known. The accident occurred on Main street and was no doubt approaching or heard no bell, when he was suddenly struck and knocked headlong to the street. He was taken to the Receiving Hospital, where it was found that he had suffered a fracture of the left collarbone. Police Surgeon Pierce reduced the fracture, but the injured man was unable to be taken home. He was put to bed in the hospital.

Main-street Property Sold.

Four sales of main-street property have been made in the last three days through the agency of Mr. T. G. Garlach, Co., the largest amount of the transaction being \$75,000. Two sales completed yesterday include the northwest corner of Seventh and Main streets, 40x150 feet, to Henry J. Woolacott, president of the State Bank and Trust Company, \$12,000; and the northwest corner of Twenty-fifth and Main streets, 50x150 feet, for Charles A. Gardner of Pasadena to J. B. Dillingham. Mr. Woolacott, it is said, has had his eye on the northwest corner of Seventh and Main streets for a long time, and believes that it soon must be the center of a lively business district.

Not Out of Danger.

Jesse Martinez, who was found unconscious in a room in the New Arlington lodging-house, No. 214 Commercial street, beside the dead body of Frank Tansola, may yet die from the effects of the gas which he inhaled. She was removed to the County Hospital yesterday, and last night the physician stated that she was in a very serious condition. The woman has not been able to speak or move, and it is therefore uncertain whether she is dead. Tansola entered the room for the purpose of drying together, or the gas was turned on by accident. The Coroner held an inquest yesterday on the body of Tansola, and the jury returned a verdict of death from inhaling gas, whether by accident or otherwise, the jury being unable to determine.

Robbed at His Bath.

J. A. King, until recently an employee of the Los Angeles Traction company, reported to the police last night that he had been robbed of a \$5 gold piece in bath-house at Second and Los Angeles streets. He had been in the negro section of town for his clothes. He doffed the thief and fifteen minutes later an officer found the negro and placed him under arrest. When

Los Angeles Daily Times.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1901

BUSINESS SHEET

City--Suburb

XXth YEAR.

RAISED FIST
TO ATTORNE

Pomona Lawyer Excit
Leon F. Moss.

Public Administrator
Early Bird.

Got Possession of an Esta
Before Pomona Interests
Had a Show.

NEXT SUNDAY....

The first souvenir picture of the series to be put out with the Sunday Times will appear with the issue of next Sunday. To those who will prize a very handsome collection of California scenes, this series of views should prove very attractive.

An album will be furnished later on, in which the whole series may be collected and held together in attractive form.

LOOK OUT FOR NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

"THE BEST THAT EVER"

Expresses the trade conditions at our store

WE DELIVER THE GOODS, THAT'S WHY.

There are no dull moments with us.

Five-year-old Port, a good wine, 50c per gal.

Twelve-year-old Port, Sherry, Amaretto, Muscat, Malvasia, etc., 50c per gal.

Five-year-old Sherry, Angelica or Muscat, per gal., 65c.

Grape Brandy, for pies, puddings and sauces, per gal., \$2.00.

The oldest Orange Wine in the State, delicious beverage, and only 50c per gal.

Medals from Paris and Pan-American Expositions to show for absolutely pure and thoroughly aged wines.

EDWARD GERMAIN WINE CO.

397-399 Los Angeles Street, Corner Fourth.

OPEN EVENINGS TEL MAIN

The cause belt was an estate, value at \$6000, left by R. H. Weiler of Pomona, who died at that place on Sun day, leaving no will.

Mr. Loucks went to the Courthouse yesterday to apply for letters of administration, but found that they had been granted by the court to the Public Administrator. This made Mr. Loucks angry, as he had been a intimate friend of the deceased, also his attorney, and had been advised by his attorney, who got together after the latter's death, to see to it that the estate was administered by one of the decedent's friends.

Mr. Loucks' attorney called on the Public Administrator, but was refused, and got nothing—a snub. He was told to go to Mr. Moss for further information, and found him at Clark's auction room, where Loucks was in progress. Here Mr. Loucks requested additional provocation, and was threatened with violence by the administrator, who was then extending two blushed lips, also an invitation, but was rebuffed, and threatened the visiting attorney with the police. Thereupon Loucks, surrounded by a group of spectators and friends, made a short speech, in which he said that he was there "to protect the interests of a dead client from the greed of a public administrator."

Mr. Loucks' statement of the case is as follows: "Mr. Weiler was a personal friend of mine and I know that he would have had me look after his estate if I had been asked. I am very much surprised when I find that letters of administration had been granted to the Public Administrator. It seems to me, and I am sure to the estate of the deceased before his friends, that he had time to make arrangements for his estate before he died, now where it will remain until little is known about him. I am very much surprised that the Public Administrator, who was granted letters of administration, had been granted letters of administration by the court of the Public Administrator. It seems to me, and I am sure to the estate of the deceased before his friends, that he had time to make arrangements for his estate before he died, now where it will remain until little is known about him. 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XXth YEAR.RAISED FIST
TO ATTORNEY.Pomona Lawyer Excites
Leon F. Moss.Public Administrator an
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Before Pomona Interests
Had a Show.

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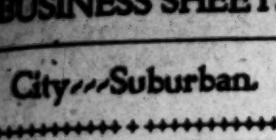
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Loucks has not given up hope, however, as he has some relatives in this state, and will scour the country for them, if they may assert their prior claim and wrest the administration of the property from the Public Administrator.

MEDICAL SOCIETY.

Issues Discussed and New Officers
at the Annual Meeting—In-
and Ministers.Historical Society of Southern
held a profitable session
evening in the Hotel Palms.
Many persons interested in
history of California history wereJ. D. Moody gave an address on
California. He said that the first
Indians he saw were the
characteristics of the Indians
and that the impression of the
was that the Indians from the
South possess many of
the same characteristics. He spoke
of the Indians, and of
the various tribes and
their names and their originality.Prof. John F. Nolte of Iowa Col-
lege says of Dr. Gates:He is a leader I should prefer to
do my work as a college teacher,
I should not hesitate a moment to
name George A. Gates, as I knowthe faculty would be unanimous on
that point. I am free to say—speaking ad-
visedly, after canvassing the
field as a member of the Committee
on Education, he shall be over-
joyed if we can find a man who ap-
proaches Dr. Gates. In the highest
qualifications a college president shouldpossess, to take the place he has
vacated here. He is an admirable peda-
gogic, and a man of great worth,
and a man of the finest spirit, and
sweetest, strongest character. His rela-
tions with the faculty were beautifully
harmonious. I never knew another
man of whom students and
individuals to be so thorough in
spirit, and I attribute that onenessof spirit largely to the president's in-
fluence. President Gates also had the
confidence of the students, and
I doubt whether there was one of them

who did not regret his leaving.

Prof. Barnes followed Dr. Moody
in his paper. "The Early Clerical
Years." He said that the first
years in Los Angeles were the Church
of the Angels, the Plaza Church. J. W.
Foster crossed the plains in 1850,
and the Protestant sermon
in Los Angeles. He was
minister in an adobe house, located
on the hill now stand. Bullard Block now stands.He gave a consecutive ac-
count of his life and experiences of

Los Angeles Daily Times

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1901.

IN TWO PARTS.

Part II—6 Pages.

PRICE 3 CENTS

all the early ministers, whom he knew personally or by reputation.

The last paper on the programme was written and read by J. M. Quinn, the secretary of the society. His subject was "The Passing of the Old Pueblo." He said that the era of California history is so little known or understood as the transition period in which California was passing from a Mexican province to an American State. Mexico, at best, had been to its inhabitants only a mother, and their separation from her caused them no heartaches. He spoke at length on the introduction of American laws and the inauguration of American forms of local government. The first City Council was elected in 1850, and it was during that year that the first ordinances were passed. He compared those laws with the ones of to-day.

At the close of the programme a short business session was held, and the old officers were re-elected as follows: Walter R. Bacon, president; A. C. Vroman, first vice-president; Mrs. M. Burton Williamson, second vice-president; Mrs. L. C. Treadwell, treasurer. Mr. Quinn, secretary and curator. The board of trustees includes the officers of the society and the following additional names: H. D. Barnes and J. D. Moody.

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Pomona, therefore, has reason to feel elated.

SKETCH OF NEW PRESIDENT.

Dr. George A. Gates was born in Vermont, January 24, 1851. He was graduated from Dartmouth College in 1873, and received his medical degree later, and was a student in the German universities from 1875 to 1880. He became pastor in Montclair, N. J., and was elected president of Iowa College in 1887, but he held until his resignation in November, 1890, on account of his wife's health. Later he accepted a call to the pastorate of the First Congregational Church of Cheyenne, Wyo., and remained there until 1895, when he left for Grinnell, Iowa, to become president of Grinnell College. He was succeeded by him in 1895, and for two years he was president of Dartmouth College, and then became president of the Concordia Club, and was connected with the congregation of the First Congregational Church of Cheyenne.

The principal objection to the ordinance, expressed by some contractors yesterday, is on account of the provision authorizing the employment of an inspector of cement work at \$2 per day.

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BUG ALLEGED
IN ORDINANCE.Jobs for Amateur Side-
walk Inspectors.Contractors Say They
Smell Politics.City Engineer Declares the
Measure Will Prevent Poor
Work and Cheating.POMONA COLLEGE
GETS NEW PRESIDENT.DR. GEORGE A. GATES ACCEPTS
THE POSITION.Meeting of the Trustees Held in This
City Yesterday, and After Mature Deliberation the Man Chosen Notified
Them of His Acceptance.

Dr. George A. Gates yesterday accepted the presidency of Pomona College, and goes immediately into his position, although he will not be formally inducted into office until January 1.

The meeting of the trustees was held yesterday morning at the Van

Ralph E. Marx, manager of the People's Store, died at 3:27 o'clock yesterday morning at his residence, No. 1147 South Flower street, after an illness extending over ten months, and from which he has been known for many weeks that he could not recover. Private funeral services, which will be

The ordinance, which has the support of the City Engineer, the Street Superintendent, the Finance Committee of the Council, and of the members of the Board of Public Works, provides that street-grading and cement sidewalk and curb contractors shall pay certain engineering fees, and maintenance fees, to the city, who supervises the work, and see that the cement is laid according to specifications. Heretofore the City Engineer's force of surveyors has devoted about half its time to the running of lines for sidewalks and curbs, which are laid by contractors, and permits are issued to the rapid growth of the city, and the increased amount of this kind of work has swamped the City Engineer, who has been compelled to slight much other important work in the course of the day, which brings him back to the city. It has come to such a pass, now, says the City Engineer Stafford, that more surveyors must be employed at once; otherwise this class of street improvements must stop, and the city will be forced to turn to other work which has been neglected several months. The city treasury is empty, and the Engineer, unable to exceed the appropriation for his department, cannot employ a larger force, hence the adoption of this method of masking the work pay for itself.

Opposition to the measure comes from some of the contractors, who may not relish the payment of fees, and are placed at \$2 per foot for concrete curbs, and \$2 per day for the services of an inspector to supervise the work, and see that the cement is laid according to specifications, but say that the large contractors, who were seen yesterday, say they favor the ordinance. They point out that under the Vrooman act property owners are obliged to pay engineering fees, and there is no set fee with the same work, and that should not be borne by persons who have the work done under private contract. They recognize the extra work and inconvenience entailed on the City Engineer, and say that it is an imposition to send surveyors out on jobs to send surveys out on jobs which, though small, cause the expenditure of valuable time which is needed on other work. An additional expense of the new ordinance for a curb in front of a fifty-foot lot would be \$1, and for a six-foot sidewalk in front of the same property, \$1.50.

So far as the inspectors at \$2 a day is concerned, they say that the contractors say they should not object to the payment of fees, but who ever heard of a political appointment doing as good a work as a private individual who understands his business, and who is willing to do the work? The contractors say that the inspections would give to the city a saving of \$10,000 a year.

They point out that the ordinance is a good one, and that it is an imposition to the city to send surveyors out on jobs which, though small, cause the expenditure of valuable time which is needed on other work. An additional expense of the new ordinance for a curb in front of a fifty-foot lot would be \$1, and for a six-foot sidewalk in front of the same property, \$1.50.

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THE PUBLIC SERVICE—IN THE OFFICES AND COURTS.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY.

Yesterday afternoon the Council rejected the unpopular amended license ordinance and reconsidered the vote by which it had been adopted. The special committee that has the measure in charge will place it in cold storage for a while, it is said.

A resolution to submit the public market building and grounds passed the Council yesterday without manifest opposition.

An old ordinance providing a system of management for the water plant, was repealed by the Council yesterday.

The Los Angeles Railway Company has objection to the Traction Company playing its own third-track game in the Fifth Ward.

Extensive levee work along the river is planned by the railway company.

The District Attorney is of the opinion that no valid legal objection prevents the Supervisors from granting the application of the Salt Lake road for a franchise to build a wharf at San Pedro.

The annual report of the trustees of the Los Angeles County Library was filed yesterday.

The first lien of the season was filed yesterday on an orange grove in the county for failure of the owner to pay for summing work done on his tree.

The Executive Committee of the Shade and Ornamental Tree Society of Los Angeles county, held an important meeting yesterday.

William T. Smith, assayer, is on trial for obtaining money under false pretenses.

Sailor Ryan, the henchman of Jim Gray, was arraigned in the Police Court yesterday for disturbing the peace and pleaded not guilty.

AT THE CITY HALL.

THE LICENSE ORDINANCE RECALLED BY COUNCIL.

LEGISLATIVE POLICY CHANGED BY STRONG PROTESTS.

Unpopular Measure Will Be Put in Cold Storage for Awhile—City Clerk to Advise for Bids on the Public-market Site—Council Miscellany.

Because of the strong protest against the amended license ordinance which was passed last week, the Council yesterday asked the return of the measure and referred it to the special Committee on Revision of Licenses without instructions.

It has been many months since an ordinance passed by the municipal legislature has occasioned such a general protest. Every branch of business affected was represented in the City Hall to plead with the Mayor to veto the measure and with Councilmen to ask its recall. Apparently their importunities were sufficient to change the attitude of the Council, as there was no objection to the recall of the measure yesterday.

"We have no instructions, and I suppose the ordinance will have to go into cold storage for a time," declared Chairman Bowen of the special committee, as he concluded with Leader and Allen, his conferees.

It is impossible to forecast the future action of the Council regarding the license measure. Many diverse opinions are held by the city fathers. Pierce would tax every man engaged in every sort of business 31 a month until the deficit is made up. It is alleged that the council legal be done. Allen thinks the ordinance should be passed plemental. Then the Council would not be overpowered with protests, and more time would be allowed for investigating the various trades and occupations that are now taxed.

Other Councilmen have views of their own which they will bring to the attention of the Council Committee. If the ordinance is again considered, it was thought that the supporters of the Chamber and Manufacturers' Association had secured for the ordinance presented last week, but the pressure on that organization was too strong and that organization also condemned the measure.

Mayor Snyder would have voted the measure if he had not been asked to return it yesterday, and it is doubtful if enough votes could have been secured to pass it over a veto message. Now that the license question has again taken a back seat, Councilmen will breathe easier until the next time.

TO SUBLIME PUBLIC MARKET.

Without manifest opposition, motion to subdue the public market, introduced by Councilman Bowen, passed the Council yesterday. The motion authorized the City Clerk to call for bids on the market building and grounds to be received next Monday, for the balance of the city's lease of the Wharf property.

Blanchard, who has changed front, and voted with what was formerly the minority in the Council, Launder is brooding over the defection of his two colleagues, and is meditating revenge. It is stated that the real fight will be made when the bids, if any, are paid, next week.

Then for the market has cost the city about \$3000, with but \$22 as revenue.

OLD ORDINANCE REPEALED.

On motion of Councilman Allen the Council yesterday repealed the Ordinance No. 522, passed July 15, 1888, providing a system of management for the water plant, which it was expected would be turned over at the expiration of the lease July 22, 1898, and anticipated that the measure will happen at last, and to clear the boards for the report of the joint committee, which will hold a meeting to formulate a report on Thursday night. The Council rejected the ordinance. The action was in line with the promise of civic-service management, made by the Council prior to the water-plant election.

RIVER LEVEES.

COUNCIL'S MISCELLANY.

A petition signed by Chief Engineer R. B. Burns of the Southern California Railway Company and Chief Engineer H. Hawgood of the San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt Lake Railway Company, was presented to the Council yesterday, asking that the official line of the river bed be declared to be the top of the bank of the official channel. This is to be done to facilitate this action in order to give the room necessary for the placing of permanent stone work for the protection of the river bank.

Extensive levee work is in contemplation by the two companies, and

instead of the upright wooden levees, a riprap of rock and masonry will be put in. The petition states that the wooden piling has proven structurally weak and liable to live, and does not afford sufficient protection either to the tracks of the companies along the river bank, or to the adjacent lands. It is necessary to place the levee on the river side of the line of structure, and to avoid future misunderstandings regarding the official lines the city is asked to establish them at the top of the bank.

The Council also asked to pass an ordinance allowing the companies to build substantial stone ripraps along the river to protect their tracks. From the Fifth Ward comes a loud protest against the action of the Traction Company in laying a third track.

Yesterdays action of the Council showed that the most prolonged and virtuous "howl" emanates from the Los Angeles Railway Company, which recently played the same trick on Santa Fe avenue.

"What's sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander," declared several of the members of the legislative assembly, and the Municipal legislators believe the Traction Company should be accorded the same rights as its grasping rivals.

The Los Angeles Lumber Company owns and operates a double-track street railway on Vermont avenue between Forty-third and Forty-fifth street. On Sunday, November 24, the corporation obtained a permit to lay a third track between the points named.

Protestants further state that they believe the same company is about to lay a fourth track on the east side of Vermont avenue, and that both the additional tracks are to be used for street-railway purposes.

The protest states that the construction of the tracks is unlawful and that they will not consent to the use of the tracks to exclude the public from the use of the abutting property. The protest is signed by twelve property owners.

The Board of Public Works will investigate the matter. It is believed that the Los Angeles Railway Company is "kicking" because it finds

the shoe on the other foot.

POOR MILK.

ARRESTS TO BE MADE.

Through the efforts of the Health Officer several more milkmen will be given an opportunity to enrich the city treasury. Poor milk is again being sold and the inspectors have sworn to combatants against the dairymen.

John E. Newland, a member of the New England Dairy, is again in trouble, his complaint against T. Hedges, his driver, has been sworn to by Inspector Hughes.

The sample of milk obtained from the San Pedro and Salt Lake Railroad Company for a wharf franchise on the east side of San Pedro Harbor is to be sold for \$1000 for selling impure milk.

Hughes also swore to a complaint against W. T. Middleton of Lakin's Creamery, on West Seventh street, for selling impure milk.

Poor milk appears to favor the petitioners.

Master plumbers are very much annoyed by the new license. A petition was presented to the Council yesterday, asking that a stated fee of \$25 a year be charged master plumbers, instead of the fee on plumbing permits. The petitioners referred to the Committee on License Ordinance Revision.

The petition is a palpable attempt to get a uniform tax levied on all master plumbers irrespective of the business they are engaged in.

Plumbers are obliged to pay account to the number of permits that they take out, the burden is equally distributed.

If a master is taxed \$25 a year, he will have to pay as much as the firm that is a big business.

Oliver Olson was fined \$200 and his driver \$100 for selling impure milk.

Bids for gravel were also received and referred to the Board of Public Works.

The Council, on recommendation of the Board of Public Works, ordered the repavement of Sixth street from Hill street to Broadway.

Because of an error in the publication of the notice of award of a wharf franchise, the monthly demand of the Daily Journal, the city's official paper, amounting to \$418.16, was cut \$9. The Finance Committee then approved the bid.

The City Attorney was authorized to prosecute a suit in interpleader to set aside the disposition of a pension of \$1020 due to the estate of the late Buell N. Appleton from the police pension fund.

Oliver Olson was fined \$200 and his driver \$100 for selling impure milk.

Inspector Hood spent last Friday in securing samples of milk. One was found to be below standard and a warrant was issued for the arrest of E. D. Drake, his driver for R. Scott, who conducts the National Dairy on Main street just south of Slauson avenue. Scott has been in trouble before.

TRADES SCHOOL.

ASK CITY FOR SITE.

Major Snyder yesterday sent a message to the Council asking that the petition of a board of directors of a proposed trades school to be controlled by an incorporated board of directors, composed of the following named: W. J. Thompson, president; U. S. Washington, vice-president; O. U. Johnson, treasurer; Rev. S. W. Hawkins, Rev. C. H. Anderson, Rev. J. E. Edwards, U. S. Shores, J. Scott and D. Clarkson.

In submitting the petition the Mayor says:

"The enterprise that these gentlemen have undertaken is certainly a laudable one and deserving of public support. The school is intended to provide opportunities for old and young men who hitherto have been without such aids, to learn useful trades and become useful and desirable citizens. Our city will reap large returns from any contribution made to this cause."

"I earnestly recommend the Council deed to the board of directors of this proposed trades school a piece of public land in the Arroyo Seco tract, or in some other suitable locality where the municipality holds unoccupied property."

The petition was referred to the Land Committee.

MAYOR'S PEN.

SIGNING THE WATER BONDS.

Major Snyder had a gold pen which he used when he signed a very daintily set in a pearl handle and was presented to him as a Christmas present, but that is not the reason that he will bequeath it to posterity with a marked feeling of pride.

That pen is being used to sign the \$200,000 issue of water bonds. It was deposited in the safe of the First National Bank on Friday morning, and after the signature to the first of 2000 bonds of the par value of \$1000. The Mayor decided that it shall never be used again by him.

He has a silver plate made and attached to the handle of the pen.

He has also a small leather case.

The ordinance making the restaurant liquor and distilled cocteaux with the retail saloon license was passed by the Council yesterday.

An ordinance was passed prohibiting the throwing of wash water into the gutters of certain specified streets.

An ordinance prepared by Mr. Bowen and presented by the Committee on Legislation requiring owners of brick houses to pay taxes on the value of their buildings before establishing a yard from April 1 to January 1, 1902, was referred back to the committee for further consideration.

McLain, Walker and Powers were inclined to think that the measure would tax existing brick yards out of existence.

President Powers was authorized to appoint a committee of three to ascertain damages under condemnation proceedings, according to Senate Bill 100.

An ordinance for the payment of the fees on curbs and sidewalks put in under permit from the Street Superintendent was reported and referred to the Board of Public Works.

Street Superintendent G. C. Abbott.

He is to retain his extra force of forty-five men and twenty-three teams until January 1, 1902.

MANY PROTESTS.

OPPOSE BLANKET FRANCHISE.

If the Council advertises for sale the franchises for which application has been made by the Los Angeles Railway Company and the Pacific Electric Railway Company, it will do much greater harm than good.

Citizens on five

streets yesterday asked the Council to deny the applications.

Property owners on Figueroa street, stretching along a street car line on that thoroughfare, a protest signed by the most prominent citizens was presented to the Council yesterday, urging that the franchise be denied.

The document recites that Figueroa street is a principal drive and should not be used for street car companies.

Further street car facilities are not needed along Figueroa street, say the protestants, and the granting of the franchise would depreciate the value of the property.

Almost every resident on Alvarado street is opposed to a franchise on that street, and a bid protest was filed with the Council yesterday.

In another protest a large number of property owners on Santa Fe street protest against a franchise on that street.

We think that some of the residents should be reserved for driving, leaving the business streets

at the same time the bonds are given.

We are unalterably opposed to trying up all the streets in the corporations now open, as street car lines are.

It is poor policy and greatly

to the disadvantage and detriment of our beautiful city to thus sell ourselves out for all time, and put the future city under the control of monopolies.

This action was in line with the promise of civic-service management, made by the Council prior to the water-plant election.

RIVER LEVEES.

COUNCIL'S MISCELLANY.

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this action in order to give the room

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nent stone work for the protection

of the river bank.

Extensive levee work is in contempla-

tion by the two companies, and

eight feet wide, and too narrow for street car tracks; also there are now ample street car facilities.

Another protest, filed yesterday, is signed by the citizens of Farmers on Seventeenth street, between Georgia and Bush streets. They say that the street car line is not needed and would do damage to property.

THIRD-TRACK KICK.

SHOE IS NOW ON OTHER FOOT.

From the Fifth Ward comes a loud protest against the action of the Traction Company in laying a third track.

Yesterday the citizens of Farmers

and the Third-track rivulets of sand, and is told it is the Los Angeles River, such precautions would seem idle, but many citizens can recollect when the river overflowed its banks and flooded the country

for miles around.

The Los Angeles Railway Company

recently took steps to prevent the

overflowing of the river.

Such precautions would be

expensive, and

THE ORANGE MARKET.

Special and Authentic Quotations by Telegraph

CITRUS FRUITS IN THE EAST.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)
BOSTON (Mass.), Dec. 2.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) There were nine cars of oranges and lemons offered today, five and a half of them oranges, and the remainder lemons. One car of lemon and one of oranges were withdrawn. The market was lower for both navel and seedlings. Quality improving. Lemons weaker; two cars showed frost, one badly decayed. One car of Florida Brights, good size, quoted 22¢-25¢. Weather pleasant, attendance fair.

Prices were as follows: Navel, fancy, \$1.20-\$1.40; regular, 2.00-2.20; choice, 2.40-2.60; seedlings, fancy, 1.00-1.10; choice, regular, 1.30; fancy Parson Brown, 1.91; fancy, 2.62. Lemons, fancy, 300¢, 1.80-1.90; choice, 300¢, 2.10; 360¢, 2.50.

PHILADELPHIA SALES.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 2.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) Three cars of California oranges, two cars of Florida oranges and 400 boxes of Florida oranges were offered here today. Most of the California oranges today are of good color and quality. Some were green spotted. The lemons sold much lower last week. The following is a list of navels averaged as follows: 120, small, 2.20; Mariposa, large, 2.25; 2.30; Monarch, small, 2.25; 2.30; Camelia, regular, 1.85; Marigold, regular, 1.75; Lemons, Club, 2.20; Punch Bowl, 2.30; Squirrel, 2.30. The market has been overstocked

until they are, will it be possible to strike a balance of loss and gain.

Having set out on a new journey it is impossible from the nature of the case but to proceed onward to the end. Unseen forces are at work, and must prevail. An extensive railway interest buys a steel plant to protect itself against dictation from a great monopoly. The latter buys coal properties to protect its ready access to fuel. Similar performances are going on elsewhere, and the business management are thus cast up. The ramifications of a monopolizing effort are apparently without readily perceptible limits. For many of these things the banks supply the means. They also, having entered upon this course, are apt to the end of the future. The formation of the great steel trust was inevitable, after which capitalists committed themselves so largely in banking directions to the organization of the minor consolidations. Heavily over-capitalized they were continually independent Carnegie company. To protect their banking credit and industrial standing, they had to buy out the Carnegie plant.

There is also the war for transportation control. This likewise has resulted in a higher price for the market will stand in the way of capitalization. Here also the sources of credit, the means of capitalistic exploitation had to be protected at a heavy cost. The moral effect of these movements has been to raise the nominal value of property elsewhere, the substantial industrial situation distinguishing the quicksands in the real situation.

The interior banker, deprived of industrial consolidation of profitable customers, comes to the financial centers for securities and commercial paper. He is less content with the crumbs and is called to the rescue of the shrewdness in new directions; faces at home he looks about him for new avenues for profitable and safe employment of his funds. The new outlets for capitalistic promotion, foolish and wise, offer him at fresh uncertainties to the problem of credit.

The consolidation of banks is an evidence of this unsettlement in the business world. The banks are enlarging their resources to meet the greater requirements of a period of active enterprise, higher values and industrial and commercial amalgamations.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKETS.

Potatoes are firm in the local market. Sweet potatoes are steady.

Onions are very firm, and not unlikely to be higher. Cauliflower is lower.

Lemons and oranges are very active and very firm. Choice shipping stock is not abundant.

Apples are firm. Any choice apple is worth \$1.50.

Bananas are in good demand. In a jobbing way cranberries are a little quiet.

Turnips are firm at 8¢ to 8½ cents, 90 cents average.

Choice hay is worth \$10 to \$11, and fancy as high as \$12.

Butter is steady, and cheese very firm.

Eggs are very firm at quoted prices.

Butcher is quiet, turkeys particularly.

Game is scarce.

Large fish are scarce.

Beans are firm, but not higher.

Provisions are unchanged. Compound lards are firm.

Dried Fruits, Nuts and Raisins.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, evaporated, choice, 2.50-3.00; pears, fancy, 2.50-3.00; plums, pitted, choice, 7.00-8.00; prunes, choice, 1.50-2.00; raisins, California, white, per lb., 60¢; California, white, per lb., 60¢; California, fancy, layers, 1.50-2.00.

RAISINS—Fancy clusters, per box, 3.00; London, per box, 3.00-3.25; boxes, 4.00-4.50.

FRUIT—Almonds, paper shell, 14; softshell, 14; Brazil, 14; Brazil, 14¢; Brazil, 14¢; peanuts, raw, 12; peanuts, roasted, 12; peanuts, choice, raw, 12; California, fancy raw, 12; California, choice, raw, 12; walnuts, softshell, first grade, 10; walnuts, softshell, first grade, 10; walnuts, raw, 12; hazelnut, 12; pecans, New Mexico, 7.

POTATOES—Per cwt., new, choice to fancy, 1.00-1.25; fair to good, 1.00-1.50; sweet, 90¢.

ONIONS—New, per cwt., 2.50-2.75.

EGGS—Carrots, 25¢ per lb.; dry chiles, string, 80¢ per cwt.; dried beans, 25¢ per lb.; dried beans, 25¢; string beans, 80¢; turnips, 80¢ per lb.; dried beans, 25¢; dried beans, 25¢ per lb.; dried beans, 25¢; eggs, 10¢ per dozen; cauliflower, per dozen, 25¢.

FRESH FRUITS AND BERRIES.

LEMONS—Per box, choice to fancy, 2.50-3.12.

ORANGES—Navel, 2.00-2.50.

LIMES—Per doz., 1.00.

PINEAPPLE—Per box, 2.00-2.50.

GRAPE FRUIT—Per box, 1.50-1.75.

BERRIES—Per dozen, common, 75¢.

APRICOTS—Good to choice, 1.25-1.75.

PEACHES—Per box, 1.25-1.75.

CHERRIES—Per box, 1.00-1.25.

CHERRIES—Per box, 1.00-1.2

Orange and San Bernardino Counties.

**CHASE OF RUNAWAY
THROUGH SANTA ANA.**

**HORSE MAKES A DASH OVER TO
OLD NEWPORT.**

**Man Who Resisted Officer Expected to
Recover—Medals Received by Adopted
Military Marksmen—Grand Jury Examines
Orange County Affairs.**

SANTA ANA. Dec. 2.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] A horse attached to a dog cart, owned and driven by William Sackman, ran away this morning on Washington Avenue. The animal started for up-town and passed west on Fourth street at terrific speed, but without colliding with the many vehicles on either side. From the center of town J. Damron gave chase on horseback, and a little later Sackman joined in the chase on a bicycle. Although Damron was mounted on a good horse, he did not overtake the runaway, which had gone almost three miles west and south of the city, in the vicinity of old Newport. Sackman was distanced on the bicycle. The strangest part of the escapade is that neither horse nor wagon was injured in the least. There were several narrow escapes from collisions.

JAMAICA IMPROVING.

Lucas Jamaica is who was shot early yesterday morning by Officer Murray while resisting arrest, is improving rapidly and it is believed now that he will recover. He seems to suffer little from the bullet wound in his hand and his appetite is equal to that of a team driver. Jamaica still acts in a drowsy way, but the belief is held by many that he is only feigning. He will not talk about entering theware rooms of the W. F. Lutz company. Whether or not the man intended to commit burglary is not known.

SANTA ANA BREVIETIES.

The grand jury was drawn today as follows: W. L. Adams, F. A. Logan, George R. Heyburn, George H. Clark, James Tustin, T. W. Cline, Donald Parker, John Hartung, A. J. Newsome, C. J. Stanley, E. L. Ellington, Henry Steele, Benson Moyer, C. E. Jones, Andrew Johnson, J. H. Bridgesford, James C. Gregg, C. F. Robinson, Charles Lehman, George H. Clark was appointed foreman and C. Lehman secretary. After the grand jury was sworn upon its duties by appointing the various committees and assigning them the work of examining into the business of the county.

There was a game of baseball yesterday between the Indians and the Tucson club, and another at El Toro between the Santa Anas and the local team. The scores resulted 10 to 7 for the Tucson slugs and 10 to 10 for the El Toro Indians. Considerable interest is taken this year in local baseball matches, and local enthusiasts are hopeful that a league may be maintained.

The Santa Ana Daily Herald has received new machinery, including a press and eight page six-column paper, and to use the whole of the Associated Press leased-wire day report. The papers will come from the new press printed, cut, pasted and folded, which is considered a considerable feat for a newspaper office in a town of this size.

The members of Co. L, who made good enough scores last year in their target practice to entitle them to State membership, have just been elected. The recipients are: Capt. S. H. Flory, Sergt. W. R. Bowers, Sergt. A. R. Steadman, Corp. A. L. Waters, and Privates E. C. Frambes, J. H. Ellis, G. H. Young, C. R. Fox and P. Constance.

Mr. Jones, the district attorney, in the district was in Santa Ana today from Redlands and reports that the outlook for sugar beets for next year is very good. Jones has charge of the

Chino and Oxnard interests in this county.

There was an interesting meeting of the people recently at Santa Ana. Mrs. E. D. Burns of Tustin, Mrs. C. A. Westgate and Mrs. R. Jones of Orange made interesting talks. The society will hold no meeting this month.

Revival meetings are held at the Free Methodist Church, which is located in the Christian Church, have closed. There were many additions to the membership during the two weeks.

The county tax official has collected \$132,781.43 in tax during the month of November. During the previous month the collections were \$19,293.88.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert McFadden returned today from Los Angeles, where they have been visiting for a few days.

Rev. M. M. Kilpatrick of Los Angeles, arrived the other day from the United Presbyterian Church yesterday.

Miss Jessie Mullinix returned to Pasadena yesterday to resume her studies in Throop Polytechnic Institute.

The Knights of Pythias Lodge has opened new meetings in the First National Bank building.

Miss Edith Johnson has returned to Los Angeles after a visit of several days with her parents.

Miss Mabel Freeman of Los Angeles has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Freeman.

ORANGE.

DEMAND FOR PROPERTY.

ORANGE, Dec. 2.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] There has been a decided upward tendency in real estate in this section, and indications are that the demand for good property will increase. Valuable pieces of land near Orange have changed hands at advanced prices and inquiries are received from prospective buyers every day. One of the latest transactions in reality was the selling of the Jacoby place, the east end of Valencia Street, to Anthony Bourne, recently from New York, for \$5500. The place was sold to Browne by J. E. Parker, who had recently purchased it from Jacoby of Los Angeles. The purchaser is a man of means and he intends to make the old Jacoby place one of the finest homes in the valley.

ORANGE BREVITIES.

O. J. Baskins and family have arrived in Santa Ana from Oakland to make their future home.

Scepter Chapter, No. 163, O. E. S., has elected the following officers: N. A. Bush, W. M. W. Whitney, W. P. Jennie L. Wood, A. M.; Amanda Gregg, Treasurer; Mrs. Gregg, Secretary; Rev. J. H. Bridgesford, C. F. Robinson, Charles Lehman, George H. Clark was appointed foreman and C. Lehman secretary. After the grand jury was sworn upon its duties by appointing the various committees and assigning them the work of examining into the business of the county.

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Mr. Jones, the district attorney, in the district was in Santa Ana today from Redlands and reports that the outlook for sugar beets for next year is very good. Jones has charge of the

county home. The animals will live in their wild state on Earliest's premises.

A dozen shifflers have been oversinging a gang of ten jailed tramps for the past few weeks, on the county roads in the upper part of the city. The work is very difficult, being for the most part stony ground, and the tools are blunt. Another gang works in the Courthouse grounds. Thus the tramp problem in this city is having a satisfactory solution.

In the lower part of the city there is a large almond tree in full bloom. It is the object of much admiration.

Prof. Charles Arnold, organist of the Grace Methodist Church, assisted by Prof. Henry's Orchestra, is to give a concert in the church on Wednesday evening.

A elaborate musical pro-

gramme is arranged for Miss Caldwell and Mmes. Herbert and Tomlinson will be the soloists.

Mrs. J. B. Mallory, postmistress at Wasonia, who has been away for a time suffering from illness, has returned and resumed her duties.

Miss Little Musco and Miss Lillian Schaeen, teachers in the Santa Maria schools, have visited here.

SANTA BARBARA.

BOYS PLAYING LOTTERIES.

SANTA BARBARA, Dec. 2.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The Chinese lotteries are boldly operated again. It is reported that the gambling dens along Cañon Perdido street are running wide open, and every day and night one can see boys, ranging from 14 to 16 years of age, buying lottery tickets or playing dice with Chinamen.

SANTA BARBARA BREVIETIES.

The Sheriff this morning arrested a man supposed to be wanted in San Luis Obispo county for larceny. The Sheriff of that county wired his description yesterday, and this morning he was found on State street and arrested.

José de la Guerra was found dead on the sidewalk this morning in front of M. Blanca's restaurant. At the instant it was decided that he came to his death from the excessive use of alcoholic drinks.

Yesterday a Plymouth Rock hen pattered upon a trolley wire of the electric-line on State street and ran into the trolley, striking her claws, causing a blinding flash, the hen was not injured.

Mr. Earlecliffe of St. Veep Heights, Montecito, having prepared a large paddock, has purchased the Arlington Hotel pet deer, intending to use them as the nucleus of a herd he purposes to keep at his beautiful

country home. The animals will live in their wild state on Earliest's premises.

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RIVERSIDE.

ELKS' FIRST MEMORIAL.

RIVERSIDE, Dec. 2.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] All Saints' Episcopal Church was filled yesterday afternoon, on the occasion of the first annual memorial exercises held by Riverside Lodge, B. P. O. Elks. The beautiful services, which included music, a solo by Mrs. Hubert Hammette and a vocal solo by the reverend, Rev. Dr. Milton Dotter, a member of the order.

As soon as the service was over, the

Elks' band struck up a gay air.

After the exercises were over, the

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Los Angeles County—Its Cities and Towns.

PASADENA TAILOR'S STEADY PURPOSE.

WORKING AND SAVING TO REACH FAITHLESS WIFE.

How Women Betrayed Trusting Husband—Prostitution Is the Bonds we Carry—Hotel Guinalda Manager Antives—Modern Woodmen Elect Officers.

PASADENA. Office of The Times, No. 20 South Raymond avenue, Dec. 2.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] On South Raymond avenue there is a tailor working long hours and industriously, making and saving money to go East and find an unfaithful wife, who, he says, betrayed both his love and trust in her. He is W. R. Weber, whose home was on North Western street until his trouble made it so. The Webers were married in Ohio only a few months ago, and the future now bright to them as it usually does to newly-wedded people. She failed to come to California, and to leave her the husband disposed of his savings and they came. He says he provided his wife with whatever she desired, within the limit of his means. One day when the rent was due, he met the woman with her, together with two other obligors, in all about \$50. When he got home in the evening his wife asked him to go on errands for her. It was a long way and he was tired after his day's work, but he got in his wheel. When he came back, instead of finding her waiting to welcome him with wifely gratitude, he found the house turned topsy-turvy. All articles of value, including furniture and even a watch that had belonged to his mother, were missing. Weber was also missing. She left not so much as a word of explanation. During the day he had gathered the funds and while he was at the grand train. The husband did not return, but he works and works, spending his time until he will follow her into out-punishment after his own admission, so he declares.

BOND PROGNOSTICATION. The Board of Trade's Committee of Selection, chosen at mass meeting to nominate in the interest of the bonds to be voted on December 3, has received over 200 replies from voters who promise to vote favorably. The prognosticators are able to draw some conclusions from this showing, and the general opinion is that all the propositions put forth in the sample ballot will pass. But there are some missing in the Presidential election last year only 200 votes were cast. At the recent election last spring when the Mayor, Councilman, City Clerk, and other officials were elected, 1700 were cast. It is believed that nearly as much interest is taken in the bond election as was taken in the voting election, but perhaps there is a certain spirit of rivalry and competition in the bond election that rules the voting in the May election. Taking into account the fact that the authorities estimate the number of votes which will be cast in the election at 1500 or 1600, it seems that voters will be swayed by the timber and postal cards to the committee that they will vote favorably. There are nearly a majority surely in favor of the bonds, and on every voter is met with who says that they lost their postal card, didn't know where to send them, etc., etc. Other trivial question did not, but declare that they intend to vote for the bonds. And, too, there are many voters who have taken off the committee's method, and insist that there should be no doubt as to their favorable attitude.

These are the different phases which prognosticators have upon which to base a prophecy on the balloting.

A two-thirds majority is necessary to carry a proposition on the ballot. Mr. E. P. Crawford, who has been ill, again and again says he favors the scheme, with the exception of the amount, thinking that the price, \$10, is too high.

MODERN WOODMEN.

The Modern Woodmen of America has elected the following officers for year: Counsel, C. T. Sutton; Vice-Counsel, M. A. Hostetler; Banker, W. F. Forbes; Secretary, D. H. Lockhart; F. W. Hesley; Watchman, S. B. Henry; Treasurer, J. N. Lancaster; Manager, Physicians, Drs. A. V. Hartman, C. S. Case. There were five initiations.

PASADENA PLANS.

Pasadena, having refused the town's proposal of annexation, is closed on her own hook. The town is planning a 100-foot boulevard and is watching the movements of the road's steel bridge project to secure the wide bridge, according to the city streets and an ordinance will go into effect restricting the railroad trains to fifteen hours.

OTHER HOTEL MAN.

F. Wentworth, who will have the Hotel Guinalda for the winter, has a guest of the Miller and Goodwin families Sunday.

Tourists are arriving every day, and the village is filling up rapidly.

Mrs. Mendenhall, mother and sister, from Seattle, Wash., have rented a cottage here for the winter.

Mrs. J. E. White has gone to Los Angeles for a few months.

Mr. Darling of Long Beach visited his family here Sunday.

A company is being formed to bring the water from the springs recently found in the mountains, to the foot of the trail where it can be utilized.

Rev. Dr. Ferguson has returned from a several days' visit at San Diego.

The Misses Grace Crandall and Hilma Hackenson, with guides, returned Sunday evening from a visit at Stewart's Camp.

He Plays Fair.

"Who is your favorite composer?" inquired the visitor.

"I suppose you mean classical," responded Mr. Cumrocks.

"Wagner." was the answer. "Glimme Wagner. Some of these other music writers start in with a tune, but as soon as you get your foot going steady in time to it they break off in a way that pretty near sprains your ankle."

Mr. White never fails to play fair. You know from the beginning that you ain't going to find anything, and you might as well go to sleep or read the advertisements in the programme."—(Washington Star).

Prof. F. W. Lemp of St. Louis, Green today, accepted the Belvoir of the city. Mr. Lemp is the brother of Prof. F. W. Lemp of St. Louis, and today with Mrs. Eastman

uncovered handkerchiefs

imported direct from Saint Gall, at Bon Accord.

High-grade chocolates at McCamens.

Complete gymnasium Fair Oaks and Green.

Fresh candies every day at Heiser's.

Superior catering at McCamens'.

Wadsworth sells paints.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND.

SEALS MAKE A CLEVER STEAL.

AVALON, Dec. 2.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The seals which were used to make a constant source of entertainment, gave extra bill yesterday afternoon. A. H. Handlan of St. Louis had been out fishing and caught eight abalone. He wished his picture taken with the fish, but they were covered with a tarpaulin. He seized the tarpaulin and dragged it overboard, and then went after the fish. By balancing himself with one of his flippers he got a fish, which he hung over in the water, and then followed to enjoy a feast, but there were others who had scarcely struck the water when another seal seized it and started off. After a race the big bull came back to the boat for another. This time he had difficulty in getting hold of the fish, and after several ineffectual attempts he made a leap and landed plump in the boat. He then threw out a fish, with the same result as his first effort. Before he could follow another seal had made off with the fish. When he had recovered from his exertions he returned again to pleasure him in the boat. This time he threw out three, and then followed to enjoy the spoils, which were soon disposed of, and again he returned for more. When he was done, he had two fish left, and his haul was but a small fraction of the inhabitants of Avalon were on the beach enjoying the entertainment. Mrs. Weis died here in 1899.

The funeral, under the auspices of the Masons, of which fraternity he was a member, will be held Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock in the Presbyterian Church, Internment in Woodlawn.

Judge Wells was looked upon as an earnest, conscientious and public-spirited citizen who enjoyed the respect of the entire community. He was Justice of the peace for years, and City Recorder for the time of his death. Mrs. Weis died here in 1899.

MOVE FOR REORGANIZATION.

A dozen members of the committee of the Good Government League met this evening in response to a call and took up the question of reorganization of the town into a city of the fifth class. It was represented that if the tacit agreement to take up the question in time to avoid a special election in the spring are to adhere to the present, the proper time to begin the campaign. As there was practical unanimity of sentiment a resolution that a committee of five be appointed to prepare and circulate reorganization petitions for presentation to the next regular meeting of the board, the 16th inst., passed without a dissenting voice. The chair will announce the committee tomorrow, and the petition, with the requisite number of signatures, will undoubtedly be ready at the date mentioned in the resolution.

SANTA MONICA BREVITIES.

The annual State convention of the Christian Church for 1902 will be held in Santa Monica, April 1. At a meeting of the committee in Los Angeles yesterday, Rev. J. R. Speck was able to secure the convention.

John R. Smith, aged 60 years, died here this morning at the residence of his son, Dr. N. R. Smith, on Arizona avenue. The remains will be interred at Clarksville, Mo.

The steamer *Titania* has arrived at Port Los Angeles from Nanaimo, and the steamer *Santa Rosa* from San Francisco. The latter vessel sailed today for San Diego.

The Board of Trustees this afternoon adjourned until 2:30 p.m. Thursday, out of respect to the memory of Recorder Wells.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, Dec. 2, 1901.

Warren S. Young and Emma L. Young to Frank Nicklin, lots 1 and 2, block 1, Downey tract, \$200.

A. Macarthur to C. W. Nicklin, lot 1, block 1, Raymond Improvement Company to Charles F. Nicklin, lot 2, block 1, Raymond Improvement Company, \$100.

Frank Nicklin to Frank Nicklin, lot 1, block 1, Raymond Improvement Company to Charles F. Nicklin, lot 2, block 1, Raymond Improvement Company, \$100.

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Holiday Bazaar.

Light, airy, comfortable; an ideal spot to make Christmas selections. Filled to overflowing with all sorts of novelties taken from other departments about the house. Moderately priced pictures. All sorts of calendars, Christmas cards, etc., fancy glove, handkerchief and jewelry boxes in metal, wood and Venetian glass; smoking sets, dainty bric-a-brac and hundreds of other articles suitable for gift purposes.

FOURTH FLOOR.

A. Hamburger & Sons
INC.
SAFEST PLACE TO TRADE, N. Spring & Franklin, L.A.

Misses' Apparel at Half.

We also secured a sample line of garments for misses and small women at a reduction of 50c on the dollar. Suits, three-quarter coats, jackets and ulsters in late winter styles. Direct from one of the leading manufacturers of New York City. Prices range from 98c to.....

\$44.50



Ladies' pretty gun metal watches with Fleur de lis chatelaine to match. Open face \$4.98
and handy size: regular \$7.50
value for.....



Antique black mantel clocks with gilt trim. First class warranted movements. \$5.00 clocks special at.....

\$3.98

Chateauneuf purses made of cut steel mounted. Silver curving handles. Silk liners. Silk covers. Bellis. 98c each. Regular \$1.50 values for.....

\$1.49

An Aggressive Sale of Jewelry

These few items are taken at random from our stock. The prices quoted reflect our jewelry policy. A little common sense reasoning applied to this question will result in our favor.

REASON 1.—Our jewelry store buys direct from the manufacturers. Diamond rings come from the firm making them, silver articles ditto.

Everything in the department is shorn of one profit because of the fact that we go to headquarters for the articles.

REASON 2.—We can sell jewelry at a less margin of profit because of the volume of business done and because expenses are minimized.

REASON 3.—When it is dull in the jewelry department, the clerks can be utilized in other parts of the store thus relieving the department of extra expense.

REASON 4.—Every article is guaranteed to be exactly as represented. We are very careful in this particular and if you find an article disappointing, we are ready to refund the money or exchange it for any other you may wish.

For the Christmas season we have provided an immense stock which includes everything from a little baby ring to the finest watch. The department also contains an immense assortment of novelties which can not be properly called "jewelry" but which belong to the line. You will hear more from this department before the Holidays, but if you have jewelry to buy, we advise you to carefully examine all the following articles. We know that if they satisfy in design they cannot help but satisfy in price.

Prices Average a Third Less Than Normal.

Ladies' cut size chateauneuf bag in old silver finish. Gray chamois back and lining. \$2.00 ounce for.....

\$1.69

Ladies' gold filled watch; ten year case. Plated with Atlas movements. Regular \$10.00 value for.....

\$45.00

Ladies' solid gold rings set with green stones and diamonds of good size. Regular \$10.00 value for.....

\$19.98

Fancy engraved gold rings made of solid gold. Regularly sold for.....

\$1.49

Chateauneuf purses made of cut steel beads, and finished with chamois back and lining. Regular price \$6.00. Now.....

69c

Chateauneuf purses made of cut steel beads, and finished with chamois back and lining. Regular price \$6.00. Now.....

69c



Diamond brooches set with 14 full cut stones and beautiful opal center. Genuine gems.....

\$48.50

Gentlemen's solid Roman gold rings pretty chased and set with three stones, emerald, sapphires or turquoise. Regular \$10.00 rings.....

\$5.98

Gentlemen's solid Roman gold carbuncle rings, set with four stones, emerald, tiger eye or sardonyx, either plain or chain. \$10.00 rings.....

\$4.98

Ladies' solid gold rings set with garnets and emeralds surrounded with 12 rose diamonds. Regular \$10.00 value for.....

\$11.98

Ladies' solid gold rings set with garnets and emeralds surrounded with 12 rose diamonds. Regular \$10.00 value for.....

25c

Hair ornaments set with rhinestones or turquoise and rhinestones combined. 8c value for.....

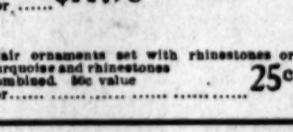
25c

Plain band rings made of 14 kt. gold. Solid gold and \$2.00 value for.....

\$1.98

Heavy solid gold rings in oval shape. Regular \$2.00 rings special at.....

98c



Diamond scarf pin set with 14 full cut stones and beautiful opal center. Genuine gems.....

\$48.50

Gentlemen's solid Roman gold rings set with three stones, emerald, sapphires or turquoise. Regular \$10.00 rings.....

\$5.98

Ladies' solid gold rings set with garnets and \$1.00 pearls. \$10.00 value for.....

98c

Ladies' sterling silver chain bracelets. Banded with four stones, emerald, sapphires, tiger eye or sardonyx. Plain or chain links and heart lock for.....

98c

Ladies' solid gold rings in oval shape. Regular \$2.00 rings special at.....

98c



Solid gold scarf pin. A Roman knot with a diamond set in the middle. Appropriate for a lady or gentleman. Regular \$12.00 value for.....

\$7.98

Plain opal scarf pin set with a large opal and four small opals. Solid gold pin. \$25.00 value for.....

\$15.98

Gentlemen's solid Roman gold rings set with three stones, emerald, sapphires or turquoise. Regular \$10.00 rings.....

\$5.98

Ladies' solid gold rings set with garnets and \$1.00 pearls. \$10.00 value for.....

98c

Ladies' sterling silver chain bracelets. Banded with four stones, emerald, sapphires, tiger eye or sardonyx. Plain or chain links and heart lock for.....

98c

Heavy solid gold rings in oval shape. Regular \$2.00 rings special at.....

98c

WOMEN'S APPAREL REDUCED.

This tremendous purchase of \$50,000.00 worth of women's garments enables us to make the most tempting price concessions that have ever been known upon this entire coast. The arrival of these goods has made it necessary for us to reduce our stock on hand to correspond with the new standard of values.

The \$50,000.00 purchase was made for spot cash and was consummated at a time when manufacturers were overstocked.

Every Garment a New Style

This sale offers nothing but the newest and most desirable styles. It is impossible to give any idea of the magnitude of the assortment. We wish to impress you in such a forcible manner that you will come and see the goods. We know that if you have a garment want we can supply it at a third to a half less than the average price about town.

1500 Kersey Jackets.

This immense lot of jackets is to be sold at prices which correspond to all the others offered in this sale. Handsome styles, excellent cloths and the very best workmanship. The four special leaders are as follows:

KERSEY JACKETS.—Tan color, and black; made with three-quarter, half and three-quarter lined and double buttoned; regular \$10.00 jackets \$3.95

KERSEY JACKETS.—In tan and black, finished with velvet collar and cuffs, and three-quarter lined; made with double buttoned and tailored collars; lined with silk; regular \$10.00 jackets \$7.50

KERSEY JACKETS.—Made with front and three-quarter back; made with double buttoned and tailored collars; lined with silk; regular \$10.00 jackets \$5.00

KERSEY JACKETS.—Made with front and three-quarter back; made with double buttoned and tailored collars; lined with silk; regular \$10.00 jackets \$10.00

12,000 Flannel Waists.

This flannel waist purchase is of the greatest importance to every woman in Southern California. It includes every new style and material. Just think of 12,000 waists and try to imagine the variety they afford. They are all fashionable, made by the best waist maker in New York City. We took his entire stock on hand. Prices will average about half.

WAISTS.—Made of all wool tricot and plain flannel, with tucked front, bishop sleeves and detachable collar; \$1.00 with metal buttons; \$1.69 with lace collar; \$2.50

WAISTS.—Made of French flannel in plain colors and fancy stripes; tucked front and open in the back; regular \$2.00 waists on.....

\$2.50

WAISTS.—Made of fancy striped serge which is present in a very popular and hard to secure fabric; the waists have tucked and girded back; \$1.00 with lace collar; \$3.50

WAISTS.—Covers cloth in tan and gray, made with bell buttons; \$1.00 with lace collar; \$1.69

WAISTS.—Made of cover cloth and fancy invisible plaid cloths; velvet collars, bell cuffs and pearl buttons; some have the new flounce and are all satin lined; \$8.00 qualities for.....

\$25

WAISTS.—French flannel, in all the new shades of blue, brown, old rose, pink, gray, etc.; come in tucks front style; \$1.00 with lace collar; \$1.69 with lace collar; \$2.50

WAISTS.—Made of fine flannel in plain colors and fancy stripes; tucked front and open in the back; regular \$2.00 waists on.....

\$2.50

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